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Nishimatsu Construction Co. Ltd.

Central Kowloon Route Contract HY/2014/09

Ho Man Tin Access Shaft

Monthly EM&A Report No. 2

(Period from 1 to 31 March 2018)

Rev. 1

(12 April 2018)

		Name	Signature
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Environmental Permit No. EP-457/2013/C

Central Kowloon Route

Independent Environmental Checker Verification

Works Contract:	Ho Man Tin Access Shaft (HY/2014/09)	
	, ,	

Reference Document/Plan

Document/ Plan to be Certified/ Verified:	Monthly EM&A Report No.2
Date of Report:	12 April 2018 (Rev. 1)
Date received by IEC:	12 April 2018

Reference EP Condition

Environmental Permit Condition:

Submission of Monthly EM&A Report of the Project

3.4 Four hard copies and one electronic copy of monthly EM&A Report shall be submitted to the Director within 2 weeks after the end of each reporting month throughout the entire construction period. The EM&A Reports shall include a summary of all non-compliance. The submissions shall be certified by the ET Leader and verified by the IEC as complying with the requirements as set out in the EM&A Manual before submission to the Director. Additional copies of the submission shall be provided to the Director upon request by the Director.

3.4

IEC Verification

I hereby verify that the above referenced document/plan complies with the above referenced condition of EP-457/2013/C.

Mondy 20.

Ms Mandy To Independent Environmental Checker Date:

13 April 2018

Our ref: 0436942_IEC Verification Cert_HMTS_Monthly EM&A Rpt No.2.docx

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- A.1 NISHIMATSU Construction Company Limited ("Contractor") commenced the construction works of Highway Department (HyD) Central Kowloon Route Contract No. HY/2014/09 -Ho Man Tin Access Shaft ("The Project") on 20 February 2018. This is the second monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) report presenting the EM&A works carried out during the period from 1 March 2018 to 31 March 2018.
- A.2 A summary of the construction works that undertaken for the Project during the reporting month is listed below.

Construction Activities undertaken

- Diaphragm wall construction
- Decant of Housing Authority Mock Up Centre
- Site RE Office Construction
- A.3 A summary of regular construction noise and construction dust monitoring activities in this reporting period is listed below:

Regular construction noise monitoring during normal working hours		
M-N3	6 times	
Construction dust (24-hour TSP) monitoring		
M-A3	6 times	
Construction dust (1-hour TSP) monitoring		
M-A3	18 times	

- A.4 No construction work was conducted during time period other than normal working hours during this reporting month.
- A.5 Inert construction and demolition (C&D) materials and non-inert C&D materials were the wastes that generated from this Project. During the reporting month, 871 m³ inert C&D material was generated from the Project. No plastics and no paper/ cardboard packaging were generated and sent to recyclers for recycling during reporting period, respectively. About 6 m³ of non-recyclable non-inert C&D materials, such as general refuse, were disposed of at landfill. No metal and chemical waste were generated during this reporting month.
- A.6 Bi-weekly inspection of the implementation of landscape and visual mitigation measures was conducted on 8, 14, 21 and 28 March 2018. Details of the audit findings and implementation status are presented in Section 5.
- A.7 Joint weekly site inspections were conducted by representatives of the Contractor, Engineer and Contractor's ET on 8, 14, 21 and 28 March 2018. The representative of IEC joined the site inspection on 8 March 2018. Details of the audit findings and implementation status are presented in Section 5.
- A.8 No change has been made from the described in the approved EM&A, such as construction

method, mitigation proposals and design changes.

- A.9 No exceedance of the Action and Limit Levels of regular construction noise monitoring was recorded during the reporting period.
- A.10 No exceedance of the Action and Limit Levels of 24-hour TSP and 1-hour TSP monitoring were recorded during the reporting period.
- A.11 No complaint was received during reporting period.
- A.12 No summon or prosecution was received in this reporting period.
- A.13 No reporting changes were revised in this reporting period.
- A.14 A summary of the construction activities to be undertaken in the in the next reporting month is listed below:

Construction Activities to be undertaken

- Diaphragm wall construction
- Site RE Office Construction

1. BASIC PROJECT INFORMATION

- 1.1. Central Kowloon Route (CKR) is a 4.7 km long dual 3-lane trunk road in Central Kowloon linking Yau Ma Tei Interchange in West Kowloon with the road network on Kai Tak Development and Kowloon Bay in East Kowloon.
- 1.2. The Central Kowloon Route Design and Construction Environmental Impact Assessment Report (Register No.: AEIAR-171/2013) was approved with conditions by the Environmental Protection Department (EPD) on 11 July 2013. An Environmental Permit (EP 457/2013) was issued on 9 August 2013. Variations of EP (VEP) was subsequently applied for and the latest EP (EP-457/2013/C) was issued by EPD on 16 January 2017.
- 1.3. The construction of the CKR had been divided into different sections. This Contract No. HY/2014/09 Ho Man Tin Access Shaft (HMTS) ("The Project") covers part of the construction activities located at Ho Man Tin under the EP which includes:
 - Central Portion
 - i. Decant of Housing Authority Mock Up Centre and Site Establishment
 - ii. Diaphragm Walls Construction
 - iii. Excavation of Vertical Access Shaft approximately 100m deep and 21m internal diameter

The alignment and works area for the Contract No. HY/2014/09 - are shown in Appendix A.

1.4. A summary of the major construction activities undertaken in this reporting period is shown in Table 1.1. The construction programme is presented in Appendix B.

Table 1.1 Summary of the construction Activities Undertaken during the Reporting Month.

Construction Activities undertaken

- Diaphragm wall construction
- Decant of Housing Authority Mock Up Centre
- Site RE Office Construction
- 1.5. There are no updates on the scope of works and construction methodologies.
- 1.6. The project organisational chart specifying management structure and contact details are shown in Appendix C.
- 1.7. A summary of the valid permits, licences, and /or notifications on environmental protection for this Project is presented in Table 1.2

Documentations			
Permit/ Licences/ Notification	Reference	Validity Period	Remarks
Environmental Permit	EP- 457/2013/C	Throughout the Contract	Permit granted on 16 January 2017
Notification of Construction Works under the Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation (Form NA)	428806	Throughout the Contract	Notification issued on 18/12/ 2017
Wastewater Discharge Licence	WT00030288-2018	Until 28/02/2023	Licence granted on 14/02/2018
Chemical Waste Producer Registration	WPN5111-236-N2345-03	Throughout the Contract	Registration complete on 19/12/2017
Construction Noise Permit	-	-	Application submitted on 15/2/2018 and was rejected on 5/3/2018
Billing Account for Disposal of Construction Waste	7029654	Throughout the Contract	Account granted on 22/12/2017

Table 1.2 Summary of the Status of Valid Environmental Licence, Notification, Permit and

2. ENVIRONMENTAL STATUS

2.1. Environmental permit (EP) conditions under the EIAO, submission status under the EP and implementation status of mitigation measures had been reviewed and implemented on schedule. The status of required submissions under the EP (EP-457/2013/C) as of the reporting period for the Project are summarised in Table 2.1

EP Condition (EP-457/2013/C)	Submission	Submission date
Condition 1.12	Notification of Commencement Date of Construction of the Project	1 February 2018
Condition 2.3	Community Liaison Group	5 January 2018
Condition 2.4	Management organisation of the main construction companies	22 December 2017
Condition 2.5	Construction Programme and EP	08 January 2018 / 18 January
Condition 2.5	Submission Schedule	2018
Condition 2.6	Design Drawing	08 January 2018
Condition 2.8	Landscape Mitigation Plan	12 January 2018
Condition 2.9	Construction Noise Mitigation Plan (CNMMP)	15 February 2018
Condition 3.3	Baseline Monitoring Report	1 February 2018
Condition 3.4	EM&A Monthly Report (Feb 2018)	14 March 2018

Table 2.1 Summary of Status of Required Submission for EP-457/2013/C for the Project

2.2. Details of the major construction activities undertaken in this reporting period are shown in Table 2.2.

Table 2.2 Summary of the construction Activities Undertaken during the Reporting Month.

Location of works	Construction activities undertaken	Remarks on progress
Demolition Site Area	• Decant of Housing Authority Mock Up	• completed
	Centre	
	• Site RE Office Construction	•30% completion
Portion 1 A	• Diaphragm wall construction	•0 out of 22 panels completed

2.3. The drawing showing the project are, environmental sensitive receivers and the location of the monitoring station are attached in Appendix A and Appendix K. Co-ordinates of the monitoring location is shown in below:

SKH Tsoi Kung Po Secondary School (M-A3 / M-N3) under HK80 Geographical Coordinates – Latitude: 22.314719, Longitude: 114.180694

3. MONITORING RESULTS

3.1. Monitoring Parameters

Air Quality

- 3.1.1. The impact monitoring had been carried out in accordance with section 5.8 of the approved EM&A Manual to determine the 1-hour and 24-hour total suspended particulates (TSP) levels at the monitoring location in the reporting report.
- 3.1.2. The sampling frequency of at least once in every 6 days, shall be strictly observed at the monitoring station for 24-hour TSP monitoring. For 1-hour TSP monitoring, the sampling frequency of at least 3 times in every 6 days should be undertaken when the highest dust impact occurs.
- 3.1.3. General meteorological conditions (wind speed, direction and precipitation) and notes regarding any significant adjacent dust producing sources had also been recorded throughout the impact monitoring period.

Noise

- 3.1.4. Construction noise level shall be measured in terms of the A-weighted equivalent continuous sound pressure level (L_{eq}). L_{eq} (30min) shall be used as the monitoring parameter for the time period between 0700 and 1900 hours on normal weekdays.
- 3.1.5. For all other time periods, L_{eq} (5min) shall be employed for comparison with the Noise Control Ordinance (NCO) criteria.
- 3.1.6. As supplementary information for data auditing, statistical results such as L_{10} and L_{90} shall also be obtained for reference.
- 3.2. Monitoring Equipment

Air Quality

- 3.2.1. 1-hour TSP levels and 24-hour TSP had been measured with direct reading dust meter and High Volume Samplers respectively. It has been demonstrated its capability in achieving comparable results with high volume sampling method as set out in the Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Chapter 1 (Part 50).
- 3.2.2. The 1-hour TSP meter was calibrated by the manufacturer prior to purchasing. Zero response of the instrument was checked before and after each monitoring event. Operation of the 1-hour TSP meter followed manufacturer's Operation and Service Manual. The 24-hour TSP meter was calibrated against firmware 80570-8100-V1.0.4, annually. Operation of the 24-hour TSP meter followed manufacturer's Operation and Service Manual. Valid calibration certificate of dust monitoring equipment is attached in Appendix H.
- 3.2.3. A summary of the equipment that was deployed for the 24- hour averaged monitoring is shown in Table 3.1. The TSP monitoring was conducted as per the schedule presented in Appendix G.

3.2.4. The equipment used for 1-hour TSP and 24-hour TSP measurement and calibration are summarised in Table 3.1

Monitoring Parameter	Monitoring Equipment	Serial Number	Date of Calibration
1-hour TSP	TSI 8532 Laser Dust Monitor	8532114409	20 Dec 2017
24-hour TSP	TE-5170X High Volume Sampler	1048	24 Feb 2018,
			8 and 20 Mar 2018
	TE-5025 Calibration Kit	3465	2 Feb 2018

Table 3.1 Construction Dust Monitoring Equipment

<u>Noise</u>

- 3.2.5. Sound level meter in compliance with the International Electrotechnical Commission Publications 651: 1979 (Type 1) and 804: 1985 (Type 1) specifications has been used for carrying out the noise monitoring. The sound level meter has been checked using an acoustic calibrator. The wind speed and other metrological data has been recorded from Hong Kong Observatory- King's Park meteorological station, along with portable wind speed meter stand by as back up if malfunction occurred or data was not recorded from HKO.
- 3.2.6. An acoustic calibrator and sound level meter using for the monitoring is within the valid period and were calibrated per year. Valid calibration certificate of noise monitoring equipment is attached in Appendix I.
- 3.2.7. The details of equipment using for monitoring are listed in Table 3.2, as below:

Table 3.2 Monito	ring Equipment U	Jsed in Monitori	ng

Monitoring Equipment	Serial Number	Date of Calibration
Nti XL2 Sound Level Meter	A2A-09696-E0	3 Nov 2017
Pulsar 105 Acoustic Calibrator	63705	17 Sep 2017

3.3. Monitoring Methodology and QA/QC results

Air Quality

- 3.3.1. The 1-hour TSP monitor, portable dust meter (TSI Dust Trak Aerosol Monitor Model 8532) was used for the impact monitoring. The 1-hour TSP meter provides a real time 1-hour TSP measurement based on 90° light scattering. Three 1-hour TSP level were logged per every six days.
- 3.3.2. The 24-hour TSP monitor, High Volume Sampler (Tisch TE 5170 High Volume Air Sampler) was used for the impact monitoring. The 24-hour TSP monitoring consists of the following:
 - The HVS was set at the monitoring location, with electricity supply connected and secured;
 - HVS was calibrated before commencing the 1st measurement;

- The filter paper was weight and provided by HOKLAS lab (Acumen Laboratory and Testing Limited and ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd) before and after the sampling. Certificate of HOKLAS accredited laboratory can be referred to Appendix J;
- The airflow over time during sampling process was recorded by the HVS.
- 3.3.3. HVS was free- standing with no obstruction. The following criteria were considered in the installation of the HVS:
 - Appropriate support to secure the samples against gusty wind needed to be provided the monitoring station;
 - A minimum of 2m separation from walls, parapets and penthouses was required for rooftop samplers;
 - No furnace or incinerator flues was nearby;
 - Airflow around the sampler was unrestricted; and
 - Permission could be obtained to set up the samplers and gain access to the monitoring station.

3.3.4. Preparation of Filter Papers

- Glass fiber filters were labelled and sufficient filters that were clean and without pinholes were selected;
- ◆ All filters were equilibrated in the conditioning environment for 24 hours before weighing. The conditioning environment temperature was around 25°C and not varied by more than ±3°C; the relative humidity (RH)was 40%; and
- Acumen Laboratory and Testing Limited and ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Limited, as HOKLAS accredited laboratory, implemented comprehensive quality assurance and quality control programmes on the filters.

3.3.5. Field Monitoring

- The power supply was checked to ensure that the HVS was working properly;
- The filter holder and area surrounding the filter were cleaned;
- The filter holder was removed by loosening the foul bolts and a new filter, with stamped number upward, on a supporting screen was aligned carefully;
- The filter was properly aligned on the screen so that the gasket formed an airtight seal on the outer edges of the filter;
- The swing bolts were fastened to hold the filter holder down to the frame. The pressure applied should be sufficient to avoid air leakage at the edges;
- The shelter lid was closed and secured with an aluminum strip;
- The HVS was warmed- up for about 5 minutes to establish run- temperature conditions;
- A new flow rate record sheet was inserted into the flow recorder;
- The flow rates of the HVS was checked and adjusted to between $1.22 \cdot 1.37 m^3 min^{-3}$,

which was within the range specified in the EM&A Manual (i.e. 0.6- $1.7^{m^3min^{-3}}$);

- The programmable timer was set for a sampling period of 24 hours ±hour, and the starting time, weather condition and filter number were recorded;
- The initial elapsed time was recorded;
- At the end of sampling, the sampled filter was removed carefully and folded in half so that only surfaces with collected particulate matter were in contact;

- The filter paper was placed in a clean plastic envelope and sealed; all monitoring information was recorded on a standard data sheet and
- The filters were sent to (Acumen Laboratory and Testing Ltd and ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd) for analysis.
- 3.3.6. Maintenance and Calibration
 - The HVS and their accessories were maintained in a good working condition. For example, motor brushes were replaced routinely and electrical wiring was checked to ensure a continuous power supply; and
 - ♦ The flow rate of each HVS with mass flow controller was calibrated using an orifice calibrator, Initial calibrations of the dust monitoring equipment were conducted upon installation and prior to commissioning. Five- point calibration was carried out for HVS using TE-5025 Calibration Kit. HVS is calibrated bimonthly. The calibration records for the HVS is given in Appendix H.
- 3.3.7. Wind Data Monitoring
 - The wind speed has been recorded from Hong Kong Observatory- King's Park meteorological station, along with portable wind speed meter stand by as back up if malfunction occurred or data was not recorded from HKO
 - <u>Noise</u>
- 3.3.8. All noise measurements by the meter were set to FAST response and on the A-weighted equivalent continuous sound pressure level (L_{eq}) in decibels dB(A). $L_{Aeq(30min)}$ was used as the monitoring metric for the time period between 0700 –1900 hours on normal weekdays. The measured noise levels were logged every 5 minutes throughout the monitoring period.
- 3.3.9. Prior to the noise measurement, the accuracy of the sound level meter was checked using an acoustic calibrator generating a known sound pressure level at a known frequency. Checking was conducted before and after the monitoring. The calibration level before and after the noise measurement is agreed to within 1.0 dB.
- 3.3.10. Noise measurements should not be made in presence of fog, rain, wind with a steady speed exceeding 5 ms⁻¹ or wind with gusts exceeding 10 ms⁻¹. The wind speed was checked with a portable wind speed meter capable of measuring with speeds in ms⁻¹.
- 3.4. Monitoring Location

Air Quality

3.4.1. In order to identify and seek for the access of the dust monitoring locations designated in the EM&A Manual, site visit was conducted by ET. During the site visit, the original proposed monitoring location was declined by the management office of Ko Fai House, Kwun Fai Court due to the set-up of equipment on the rooftop and the middle level of building. Alternative air monitoring station had been proposed by ET and approved by IEC before the baseline monitoring started. 1 designated monitoring location was identified and agreed with IEC and EPD. Details of air monitoring station are described in Table 3.3. The location plan of air quality monitoring station is shown in Appendix K.

Air Quality Monitoring Station	Dust Monitoring Station
M-A3	SKH Tsoi Kung Po Secondary School

Table 3.3 Location of the Dust Monitoring Station

Noise

3.4.2. According to the EM&A Manual, construction noise impact monitoring should be conducted at designated monitoring station. In order to the access to some of the proposed monitoring locations stated in the EM&A Manual was either rejected or unavailable, alternative location was proposed and agreed by the ER. IEC and EPD. The details of construction noise monitoring location are listed in Table 3.4 and shown in Appendix K along with location of noise sensitive receivers (NSRs) related to this Works Contract.

Table 3.4 Noise Monitoring Station

Noise Monitoring Station	Identified Noise Monitoring Station	Type of Measurement
M-N3	SKH Tsoi Kung Po Secondary School	Façade

- 3.5. Monitoring date, time, frequency and duration
- 3.5.1. A summary of impact monitoring duration, sampling parameter and frequency is presented in Table 3.5.

Impact Monitoring	Duration	Sampling Parameter	Frequency
Dust	1-hour continuous measurement	1-hour TSP	3 times per six days
Dust	24-hour continuous sampling	24-hour TSP	Once per six days
Noise	30-minute continuous measurement	$L_{eq\ 30\ min}$, L_{10} and L_{90} as reference.	Once L _{eq 30 min} from 0700 – 1900 per seven days

Table 3.5: Summary of Impact Monitoring Programme

3.6. Result Summary

Air Quality

3.6.1. According to our field observations, the major dust source identified at the designated air quality monitoring station in the reporting month are summarised in Table 3.6

Table 3.6 Observation at Dust Monitoring Station

Monitoring Station	Major Dust Source
M-A3	No obvious dust emission was observed

3.6.2. Air quality impact monitoring for the reporting month was carried out on 2,8,14,20,26 and 28 March 2018. The results for 1-hour TSP and 24-hour TSP are summarized in Table 3.7 and Table 3.8. The measurement data and details of influencing factors such as weather conditions and site observation are presented in Appendix L.

		0	
Monitoring Location	Range(µg/m3)	Action Level(µg/m3)	Limit Level(µg/m3)
M-A3	65 – 116	333	500

Monitoring Location	Range(µg/m3)	Action Level(µg/m3)	Limit Level(µg/m3)
M-A3	23 - 70	153	260

<u>Noise</u>

3.6.3. According to our field observations, the major noise source identified at the designated noise monitoring station in the reporting month are summarised in Table 3.9:

Table 3.9	Observation	at Noise	Monitoring	Station

Monitoring Station	Major Noise Source
M-N3	Traffic

3.6.4. The construction noise impact monitoring for the reporting month was carried out on 2,8,14,20,26 and 28 March 2018. The measurement data are shown in Appendix M and summarized in Tables 3.10:

Time Period Parameter		Range, dB(A)			
		\mathbf{L}_{eq}	L ₁₀	L ₉₀	
Normal working hour from 0700-1900	L _{eq 30min}	66.2 – 69.1	70.5 – 72.0	62.8 - 64.3	

Table 3.10 Summary of Noise Monitoring Results -M-N3

3.7. Waste management

3.7.1. The waste generated from this Project includes inert construction and demolition (C&D) materials, and non-inert C&D materials. Non-inert C&D materials are made up of general refuse, vegetative wastes and recyclable wastes such as plastics and paper/cardboard packaging waste. Steel materials generated from the project are also grouped into non-inert C&D materials as the materials were not disposed of with other inert C&D materials. With reference to relevant handling records and trip tickets of this Project, the quantities of different types of waste generated in the reporting month are summarised in Table 3.11. Details of cumulative waste management data are presented as a waste flow table in Appendix N.

			Quantity				
			Nor	a-inert C&D Mater	rials		
Reporting period	Inert C&D Chemical Materials Waste		Recycled	d material	S		
			-	Paper/card board	Plastics	Metals	
Feb-18	1.343	0	0.016	0	0		0
Mar-18	0.871	0	0.006	0	0		0

Table 3.11 Quantities of waste generated from the Project

4. SUMMARY OF COMPLAINTS, NOTIFICATION OF SUMMONS AND PROSECUTIONS

4.1. The Environmental Complaint Handling Procedure is shown in below Table 4.1:

Complaint Received via Project Hotline		Complaint Received via 1823 or from other			
		government departments			
Contractor notify ER, ET	and IEC	ER notify Contractor, ET and IEC			
Contractor log complain	nt and date of receipt onto	the complaint database. Contractor, ER and ET to			
	conduct investig	ation of complaint			
If complaint is considered	d not valid	If complaint is found valid			
ET or ER to reply the con	mplainant if necessary	Contractor to identify and implement remedial			
		measures in consultation with the IEC, ET and			
		ER.			
		The ER, ET and IEC to review the effectiveness			
		of the Contractor's remedial measures and the			
	updated situation; ET to undertake ad				
		monitoring and audit to verify the situation if			
		necessary, and oversee that circumstances leading			
		to the complaint do not recur. ER to conduct			
		further inspection as necessary.			
If the complaint is refer	If the complaint is referred by the EPD, the Contractor to prepare interim report on the status of the				
complaint investigation	and follow-up actions sti	pulated above, including the details of the remedial			
measures and additiona	al monitoring identified of	or already taken, for submission to EPD within the			
	time frame assigned by the EPD				
The ET to record the deta	ails of the complaint, res	ults of the investigation, subsequent actions taken to			
address the complaint and updated situation including the effectiveness of the remedial measures,					
supported by regular and additional monitoring results in the monthly EM&A reports					

Table 4.1 Environmental Complaint Handling Procedure

- 4.2. Should non-compliance of the criteria occur, action in accordance with the Action Plan in Appendix D and Appendix E shall be carried out.
- 4.3. No exceedance of the Action and Limit Levels of the regular construction noise was recorded during the reporting period
- 4.4. No exceedance of the Action and Limit Level of 1-hour TSP and 24-hour TSP monitoring was recording during the reporting period.
- 4.5. No environmental complaint were received in the reporting period.
- 4.6. No notification of summons and prosecution was received in the reporting period.
- 4.7. Statistics on complaints, notifications of summons and successful prosecutions are summarized in Appendix O.

5. EM&A SITE INSPECTION

- 5.1. Site inspections were carried out on a weekly basis to monitor the implementation of proper environmental pollution control and mitigation measures under the Contract. In the reporting period, four (4) site inspections were carried out on 8,14, 21 and 28 March 2018.
- 5.2. One joint site inspection with IEC also undertaken on 8 March 2018. Minor deficiencies were observed during weekly site inspection or joint site inspection. Key observations during the site inspections are summarized in Table 5.1.

Date	Environmental Observations	Follow-up Status
8 March 2018	Observation(s) and Recommendation(s)1. Chemical was found without drip tray out of Site office at Portion 1A	1. Unnecessary chemical were removed on site at Portion 1A.
14 March 2018	 <u>Observation(s) and Recommendation(s)</u> 1. Fallen leaves should be removed to prevent blocking of drain. 2. Garbage are found inside the mud collecting tank. 3. Some tree protecting fences were found broken at the upper area inside the site. 	 Leaves and rubbishes were cleared from the drainage. The garbage was removed from the sedimentation tank. The trees were protected by water barriers or proper fencing.
21 March 2018	No Observations and Recommendations	-
28 March 2018	 <u>Observation(s) and Recommendation(s)</u> 1. Part of the site area become dry because of sunny weather. Water should be spray to prevent dusty condition. 2. Paint received should be put on drip tray. 	 Water was sprayed to prevent dusty condition. All chemicals were placed on the drip tray.

Table 5.1 Site Observations

- 5.3. The Contractor has rectified all of the observations identified during environmental site inspections in the reporting period
- 5.4. According to the EIA Study Report, Environmental Permit, contract documents and EM&A Manual, the mitigation measures detailed in the documents are implemented as much as practical during the reporting period. An updated Implementation Status of Environmental Mitigation Measures (EMIS) is provided in Appendix F.

6. **FUTURE KEY ISSUES**

- 6.1. Work to be undertaken in the next reporting month are:
 - Diaphragm wall construction
 - Site RE Office Construction

Potential environmental impacts arising from the above construction activities are mainly associated with dust, construction noise and waste management.

- 6.2. The tentative schedule of regular construction noise monitoring, 1-hour TSP and 24-hour TSP monitoring in the next reporting period is presented in Appendix P. The regular construction noise monitoring, 1-hour TSP monitoring 24-hour TSP monitoring will be conducted at the same monitoring location in the next reporting period.
- 6.3. The construction programme for the Project for the next reporting month is presented in Appendix B.

7. CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- 7.1. This 2nd monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Report presents the EM&A works undertaken during the period from 1 March 2018 to 31 March 2018 in accordance with the EM&A Manual and the requirement under EP- 457/2013/C
- 7.2. Air quality (including 1-hour TSP and 24-hour TSP) and noise impact monitoring were carried out in the reporting period. All monitoring results are satisfactory. No exceedance of the Action and Limit Level was recorded during the reporting period.
- 7.3. Weekly environmental site inspection were conducted during the reporting period. Joint site inspection with IEC were carried out on 8 March 2018. Minor deficiencies were observed during site inspection and were rectified within the specified deadlines. The environmental performance of the Project was therefore considered satisfactory.
- 7.4. No environmental complaint were received in the reporting period.
- 7.5. No notification of summons or prosecution was received since commencement of the Contract.
- 7.6. The ET will keep track on the construction works to confirm compliance of environmental requirements and the proper implementation of all necessary mitigation measures.

Appendix A Alignment and Works Area For the Contract No. HY/2014/09

LEGENDS: CCTV CAMERA

Descriptio 内容循環

Joint Venture

NCC/HMTS/01/0001

IX

Status 酸段

ecked By 復核

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1:1000 @ A3

Hear A

Approved By 批准人

WORK ING

Successfully Building a Better Future 西松建設

Mott MacDonald



Appendix B Construction Programme



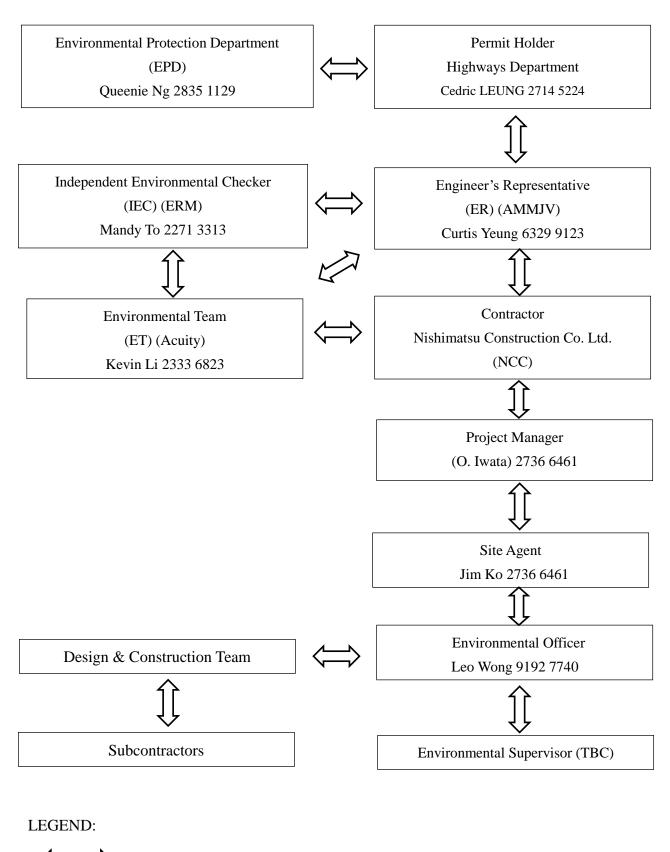
Contract No. HY/2014/09

Central Kowloon Route - Ho Man Tin Access SWork Programme

			Calendar Year/Month																	
		2017		-	-			20)18		-	-				2019				
		Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
Description of Work	Duration								[
Decant of Housing Authority Mock Up																				
Centre and Site Establishment	2 mth																			
Diaphragm Wall Excavation	6 mth																			
Soil Excavation of Shaft	4 mth																			
Rock Excavation of Shaft	6 mth																			

Appendix C Project Organization Chart

Project O-Chart



Line of Communication

Acuity Sustainability Consulting Ltd.

Appendix D Dust Event-Action Plan (EAP)

Monthly Environmental Monitoring & Auditing Report Contract No. HY/2014/09 Central Kowloon Route – Ho Man Tin Access Shaft

EVENT	ACTION							
EVENI	ET	IEC	ER	CONTRACTOR				
ACTION LEV	EL							
1.Exceedance for one sample	 Identify source, investigate the causes of exceedance and propose remedial measures; Inform IEC and ER; Repeat measurement to confirm finding; Increase monitoring frequency to daily. 	 Check monitoring data submitted by ET; Check Contractor's working method. 	1. Notify Contractor.	 Rectify any unacceptable practice; Amend working methods if appropriate. 				
2.Exceedance for two or more consecutive samples	 Identify source; Inform IEC and ER; Advise the ER on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures; Repeat measurements to confirm findings; Increase monitoring frequency to daily; Discuss with IEC and Contractor on remedial actions required; If exceedance continues, arrange meeting with IEC and ER; If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring. 	 Check monitoring data submitted by ET; Check Contractor's working method; Discuss with ET and Contractor on possible remedial measures; Advise the ET on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures; Supervise Implementation of remedial measures. 	 Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; Notify Contractor; Ensure remedial measures properly implemented. 	 Submit proposals for remedial to ER within 3 working days of notification; Implement the agreed proposals; Amend proposal if appropriate. 				
LIMIT LEVEL	·							
1.Exceedance for one sample	 Identify source, investigate the causes of exceedance and propose remedial measures; Inform ER, Contractor and 	 Check monitoring data submitted by ET; Check Contractor's working method; 	 Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; Notify Contractor; 	 Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC 				

Monthly Environmental Monitoring & Auditing Report Contract No. HY/2014/09 Central Kowloon Route – Ho Man Tin Access Shaft

	ACTION							
EVENT	ET	IEC	ER	CONTRACTOR				
	 EPD; 3. Repeat measurement to confirm finding; 4. Increase monitoring frequency to daily; 5. Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD and ER informed of the results. 	 Discuss with ET and Contractor on possible remedial measures; Advise the ER on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures; Supervise implementation of remedial measures. 	3. Ensure remedial measures properly implemented.	 within 3 working days of notification; Implement the agreed proposals; 4. Amend proposal if appropriate. 				
2.Exceedance for two or more consecutive samples	 Notify IEC, ER, Contractor and EPD; Identify source; Repeat measurement to confirm findings; Increase monitoring frequency to daily; Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures to determine possible mitigation to be implemented; Arrange meeting with IEC and ER to discuss the remedial actions to be taken; Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD and ER informed of the results; If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring. 	 Discuss amongst ER, ET, and Contractor on the potential remedial actions; Review Contractor's remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise the ER accordingly; Supervise the implementation of remedial measures. 	 Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; Notify Contractor; In consultation with the IEC, agree with the Contractor on the remedial measures to be implemented; Ensure remedial measures properly implemented; If exceedance continues, consider what portion of the work is responsible and instruct the Contractor to stop that portion of work until the exceedance is abated. 	 Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within 3 working days of notification; Implement the agreed proposals; Resubmit proposals if problem still not under control; Stop the relevant portion of works as determined by the ER until the exceedance is abated. 				

Note:

ET – Environmental Team

ER – Engineer's Representative

IEC – Independent Environmental Checker

Acuity Sustainability Consulting Ltd.

Appendix E Noise Event-Action Plan (EAP)

Monthly Environmental Monitoring & Auditing Report Contract No. HY/2014/09 Central Kowloon Route – Ho Man Tin Access Shaft

EVEN T	ACTION							
	ET	IEC	ER	CONTRACTOR				
Action Level	 Identify source, investigate the causes of exceedance and propose remedial measures; Notify IEC and Contractor; Report the results of investigation to the IEC, ER and Contractor; Discuss with the Contractor and formulate remedial measures; Increase monitoring frequency to check mitigation effectiveness. 	 Review the analysed results submitted by the ET; Review the proposed remedial measures by the Contractor and advise the ER accordingly; Supervise the implementation of remedial measures. 	 Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; Notify Contractor; Require Contractor to propose remedial measures for the analysed noise problem; Ensure remedial measures are properly implemented 	 Submit noise mitigation proposals to IEC; Implement noise mitigation proposals. 				
Limit Level	 Identify source; Inform IEC, ER, EPD and Contractor; Repeat measurements to confirm findings; Increase monitoring frequency; Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures to determine possible mitigation to be implemented; 	 Discuss amongst ER, ET, and Contractor on the potential remedial actions; Review Contractors remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness and advise the ER accordingly; Supervise the implementation of remedial measures. 	 Confirm receipt of notification of failure in writing; Notify Contractor; Require Contractor to propose remedial measures for the analysed noise problem; Ensure remedial measures properly implemented; 	 Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within 3 working days of notification; Implement the agreed proposals; Resubmit proposals if problem still not under control; Stop the relevant portion of works as determined by the ER 				

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EVEN T	ACTION									
	ET	IEC	ER	CONTRACTOR						
	 6. Inform IEC, ER and EPD the causes and actions taken for the exceedances; 7. Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD and ER informed of the results; 8. If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring. 		5. If exceedance continues, consider what portion of the work is responsible and instruct the Contractor to stop that portion of work until the exceedance is abated.	until the exceedance is abated.						

Note:

ET – Environmental Team

IEC – Independent Environmental Checker

ER – Engineer's Representative

Appendix F Environmental Mitigation Implementation Schedule (EMIS)

Environmental Mitigation Implementation Schedule -

Contract No. HY/2014/09 (Ho Man Tin Access Shaft)

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		C	onstruction Dust Imp	act			
S4.3.10	D1	The contractor shall follow the procedures and requirements given in the Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation	Minimize dust impact at the nearby sensitive receivers	Contractor	All construction sites	Construction stage	 APCO To control the dust impact To meet HKAQO and TM-EIA criteria
\$4.3.10	D2	 Mitigation measures in form of regular watering under a good site practice should be adopted. Watering once per hour on exposed worksites and haul road should be conducted to achieve dust removal efficiencies of 91.7%. While the above watering frequencies are to be followed, the extent of watering may vary depending on actual site conditions but should be sufficient to maintain an equivalent intensity of no less than 1.3 L/m² to achieve the dust removal efficiency. 	Minimize dust impact at the nearby sensitive receivers	Contractor	All construction sites	Construction stage	 APCO To control the dust impact To meet HKAQO and TM-EIA criteria

Environmental Mitigation Implementation Schedule -

Contract No. HY/2014/09 (Ho Man Tin Access Shaft)

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of t Recommende Measures & M Concerns to address	ed Iain	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
S4.3.10		 Proper watering at exposed spoil should be undertaken throughout the construction phase; Any excavated or stockpile of dusty material should be covered entirely by impervious sheeting or sprayed with water to maintain the entire surface wet and then removed or backfilled or reinstated where practicable within 24 hours of the excavation or unloading; Any dusty materials remaining after a stockpile is removed should be wetted with water and cleared from the surface of roads; A stockpile of dusty material should not be extended beyond the pedestrian barriers, fencing or traffic cones; 		dust the itive	Contractor	All construction sites	Construction stage	 APCO To control the dust impact To meet HKAQO and TM-EIA criteria
		 The load of dusty materials on a vehicle leaving a construction site should be covered entirely by impervious sheeting to ensure that the dusty materials do not leak from the vehicle. Where practicable, vehicle washing facilities with high pressure water jet should be provided at every discernible or 						

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		designated vehicle exit point. The area where vehicle					
		washing takes place and the road section between the					
		washing facilities and the exit point should be paved with					
		concrete, bituminous materials or hardcores;					
		•When there are open excavation and reinstatement works,					
		hoarding of not less than 2.4m high should be provided and					
		properly maintained as far as practicable along the site					
		boundary with provision for public crossing. Good site					
		practice shall also be adopted by the Contractor to ensure					
		the conditions of the hoardings are properly maintained					
		throughout the construction period;					
		•The portion of any road leading only to construction site that is					
		within 30m of a vehicle entrance or exit should be kept clear					
		of dusty materials;					
		•Surfaces where any pneumatic or power-driven drilling, cutting,					
		polishing or other mechanical breaking operation takes place					
		should be sprayed with water or a dust suppression chemical					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		continuously; •Any area that involves demolition activities should be sprayed					
		with water or a dust suppression chemical immediately prior					
		to, during and immediately after the activities so as to					
		maintain the entire surface wet;					
		Any skip hoist for material transport should be totally					
		enclosed by impervious sheeting;					
		• Every stock of more than 20 bags of cement or dry-pulverised					
		fuel ash (PFA) should be covered entirely by impervious sheeting or placed in an area sheltered on the top and the 3					
		sides;					
		 Loading, unloading, transfer, handling or storage of bulk 					
		cement or dry PFA should be carried out in a totally enclosed					
		system or facility, and any vent or exhaust should be fitted					
		with an effective fabric filter or equivalent air pollution					
		control system					
		• Exposed earth should be properly treated by compaction,					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		turfing, hydroseeding, vegetation planting or sealing with latex, vinyl, bitumen, shotcrete or other suitable surface stabilizer within six months after the last construction activity on the construction site or part of the construction site where the exposed earth lies.					
S4.3.10		Implement regular dust monitoring under EM&A programme during the construction stage.	Monitoring of dust impact	Contractor	Selected rep. dust monitoring station	Construction stage	• TM-EIA
		(Construction Noise (A	irborne)			
S5.4.1	N1	 Implement the following good site practices: Only well-maintained plant should be operated on-site and plant should be serviced regularly during the construction programme; Machines and plant (such as trucks, cranes) that may be in 	Control construction airborne noise	Contractor	All construction sites	Construction stage	• Annex 5, TM-EIAO

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		intermittent use should be shut down between work periods					
		or should be throttled down to a minimum;					
		• Plant known to emit noise strongly in one direction, where					
		possible, be orientated so that the noise is directed away from					
		nearby NSRs;					
		• Silencers or mufflers on construction equipment should be					
		properly fitted and maintained during the construction works;					
		• Mobile plant should be sited as far away from NSRs as					
		possible and practicable;					
		• Material stockpiles, mobile container site office and other					
		structures should be effectively utilized, where practicable, to					
		screen noise from on-site construction activities.					
S5.4.1	N2	Install temporary hoarding located on the site boundaries	Reduce the	Contractor	All	Construction stage	• Annex 5,
		between noisy construction activities and NSRs. The conditions	construction noise		construction		TM-EIAO
		of hoardings shall be properly maintained throughout the	levels at low-level		sites		
		construction period.	zone of NSRs				
			through partial				

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
			screening				
S5.4.1	N3	Install movable noise barriers (typical design is wooden framed barrier with a small-cantilevered on a skid footing with 25mm thick internal sound absorptive lining), acoustic mat or full enclosure, screen the noisy plants including air compressors, generators and handheld breakers, etc.	Sreen the noisy plant items to be used at all construction sites	Contractor	All construction sites where practicable	Construction stage	• Annex 5, TM-EIAO
S5.4.1	N4	Use 'Quiet plant'	Reduce the noise levels of plant items	Contractor	All construction sites where practicable	Construction stage	• Annex 5, TM-EIAO
S5.4.1	N5	Loading/ unloading activities should be carried out inside the full enclosure of mucking out points.	Reduce the noise levels of loading/ unloading activities	Contractor	Mucking out	Construction stage	• Annex 5, TM-EIAO
S5.4.1	N6	Sequencing operation of construction plants where practicable.	Operate sequentially within the same work site	Contractor	All construction sites where	Construction stage	• Annex 5, TM-EIAO

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
			to reduce the construction airborne noise		practicable		
S5.4.1		Implement a noise monitoring programme under EM&A programme.	Monitor the construction noise levels at the selected representative location	Contractor	Selected rep. noise monitoring station	Construction stage	• TM-EIAO
		Water	Quality (Construction	n Phase)			
\$6.9.1.1		In accordance with the Practice Note for Professional Persons on Construction Site Drainage, Environmental Protection Department, 1994 (ProPECC PN1/94), construction phase mitigation measures shall include the following: <u>Construction Runoff</u>	To minimize water quality impact from the construction site runoff and general construction	Contractor	All construction sites where practicable	Construction stage	 Water Pollution Control Ordinance ProPECC PN 1/94 TM-EIAO TM-DSS
		• At the start of site establishment, perimeter cut-off drains to	activities				

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		direct off-site water around the site should be constructed					
		with internal drainage works and erosion and sedimentation					
		control facilities implemented. Channels (both temporary					
		and permanent drainage pipes and culverts), earth bunds or					
		sand bag barriers should be provided on site to direct					
		stormwater to silt removal facilities. The design of the					
		temporary on-site drainage system will be undertaken by the					
		contractor prior to the commencement of construction;					
		• The dikes or embankments for flood protection should be					
		implemented around the boundaries of earthwork areas.					
		Temporary ditches should be provided to facilitate the runoff					
		discharge into an appropriate watercourse, through a silt/					
		sediment trap. The sediment/ silt traps should be					
		incorporated in the permanent drainage channels to enhance					
		deposition rates;					
		• The design of efficient silt removal facilities should be based					
		on the guidelines in Appendix A1 of ProPECC PN 1/94, which					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		states that the retention time for silt/ sand traps should be 5					
		minutes under maximum flow conditions. Sizes may vary					
		depending upon the flow rate, but for a flow rate of 0.1 m^3 /s a					
		sedimentation basin of 30 \mbox{m}^3 would be required and for a					
		flow rate of 0.5 m^3/s the basin would be 150 m^3 . The					
		detailed design of the sand/ silt traps shall be undertaken by					
		the contractor prior to the commencement of construction;					
		All exposed earth areas should be completed and vegetated as					
		soon as possible after earthworks have been completed, or					
		alternatively, within 14 days of the cessation of earthworks					
		where practicable. Exposed slope surfaces should be					
		covered by tarpaulin or other means;					
		• The overall slope of the site should be kept to a minimum to					
		reduce the erosive potential of surface water flows, and all					
		traffic areas and access roads protected by coarse stone					
		ballast. An additional advantage accruing from the use of					
		crushed stone is the positive traction gained during prolonged					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		periods of inclement weather and the reduction of surface					
		sheet flows;					
		• All drainage facilities and erosion and sediment control					
		structures should be regularly inspected and maintained to					
		ensure proper and efficient operation at all times and					
		particularly following rainstorms. Deposited silt and grit					
		should be removed regularly and disposed of by spreading					
		evenly over stable, vegetated areas;					
		• Measures should be taken to minimize the ingress of site					
		drainage into excavations. If the excavation of trenches in					
		wet periods is necessary, they should be dug and backfilled in					
		short sections wherever practicable. Water pumped out					
		from trenches or foundation excavations should be discharged					
		into storm drains via silt removal facilities;					
		Open stockpiles of construction materials (for example,					
		aggregates, sand and fill material) of more than $50m^3$ should					
		be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric during rainstorms.					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		Measures should be taken to prevent the washing away of					
		construction materials, soil, silt or debris into any drainage					
		system;					
		• Manholes should always be adequately covered and					
		temporarily sealed so as to prevent silt, construction materials					
		or debris being washed into the drainage system and storm					
		runoff being directed into foul sewers;					
		Precautions be taken at any time of year when rainstorms are					
		likely, actions to be taken when a rainstorm is imminent or					
		forecasted, and actions to be taken during or after rainstorms					
		are summarized in Appendix A2 of ProPECC PN 1/94.					
		Particular attention should be paid to the control of silty					
		surface runoff during storm events, especially for areas					
		located near steep slopes;					
		• All vehicles and plant should be cleaned before leaving a					
		construction site to ensure no earth, mud, debris and the like					
		is deposited by them on roads. An adequately designed and					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		site wheel washing facilities should be provided at every					
		construction site exit where practicable. Wash-water should					
		have sand and silt settled out and removed at least on a					
		weekly basis to ensure the continued efficiency of the process.					
		The section of access road leading to, and exiting from, the					
		wheel wash bay to the public road should be paved with					
		sufficient backfall toward the wheel wash bay to prevent					
		vehicle tracking of soil and silty water to public roads and					
		drains;					
		• Oil interceptors should be provided in the drainage system					
		downstream of any oil/ fuel pollution sources. The oil					
		interceptors should be emptied and cleaned regularly to					
		prevent the release of oil and grease into the storm water					
		drainage system after accidental spillage. A bypass should					
		be provided for the oil interceptors to prevent flushing during					
		heavy rain;					
		Construction solid waste, debris and rubbish on site should be					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		 collected, handled and disposed of properly to avoid water quality impacts; All fuel tanks and storage areas should be provided with locks and sited on sealed areas, within bunds of a capacity equal to 110% of the storage capacity of the largest tank to prevent spilled fuel oils from reaching water sensitive receivers nearby; Adopt best management practices; All earth works should be conducted sequentially to limit the amount of construction runoff generated from exposed areas during the wet season (April to September) as far as practicable. 					
S6.9.1.2	W2	 <u>Underground Works</u> Uncontaminated discharge should pass through sedimentation tanks prior to of-site discharge; The wastewater with a high concentration of SS should be 	To minimize construction water quality impact from the works	Contractor	All access shaft location	Construction stage	 Water Pollution Control Ordinance ProPECC PN 1/94 TM-DSS

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		 treated (e.g. by sedimentation tanks with sufficient retention time) before discharge. Oil interceptors would also be required to remove the oil, lubricants and grease from the wastewater; Direct discharge of the bentonite slurry (as a result of D-wall) is not allowed. It should be reconditioned and reused wherever practicable. Temporary storage locations (typically a properly closed warehouse) should be provided on site for any unused bentonite that needs to be transported away after all the related construction activities area completed. The requirements in ProPECC PN 1/94 should be adhered to in the handling and disposal of bentonite slurries. 					• TM-EIAO
S6.9.1.3	W3	 Sewage Effluent Portable chemical toilets and sewage holding tanks are recommended for handling the construction sewage generated by the workforce. A licensed contractor should be 	To minimize water quality from sewage effluent	Contractor	All construction sites where practicable	Construction stage	 Water Pollution Control Ordinance TM-DSS

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		employed to provide appropriate and adequate portable					
		toilets and be responsible for appropriate disposal and					
		maintenance.					
S6.9.1.6	W6	Accidental Spillage	To minimize water	Contractor	All	Construction stage	Water Pollution
			quality impact from		construction		Control
		In order to prevent accidental spillage of chemicals, the following	accidental spillage		site where		Ordinance
		is recommended:			practicable		ProPECC PN 1/94
		• All the tanks, containers, storage area should be					• TM-EIAO
		bunded and the locations should be locked as far as					• TM-DSS
		possible from the sensitive watercourse and					
		stormwater drains;					
		• The Contractor should register as a chemical waste					
		producer if chemical wastes would be generated.					
		Storage of chemical waste arising from the					
		construction activities should be stored with suitable					
		labels and warnings.					
		Disposal of chemical wastes should be conducted in compliance					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		with the requirements as stated in the Waste Disposal (Chemical					
		Waste) (General) Regulation.					
	1	Waste Ma	anagement (Construc	tion Waste)			
S7.4.1	WM1	On-site sorting of C&D material	Separation of unsuitable rock	Contractor	All construction	Construction stage	• DEVB (W) No. 6/2010
		 Geological assessment should be carried out by competent persons on site during excavation to identify materials which are not suitable to use as aggregate in structural concrete (e.g. volcanic rock, Aplite dyke rock, etc.). Volcanic rock and Aplite dyke rock should be separated at the source sites as far as practicable and stored at designated stockpile area preventing them from delivering to crushing facilities. The crushing plant operator should also be reminded to set up measures to prevent unsuitable rock from ending up at concrete batching plants and be turned into concrete for structural use. Details regarding control measures at source 	from ending up at concrete batching plants and be turned into concrete for structural use		sites		

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		site and crushing facilities should be submitted by the Contractor for the Engineer to review and agree. In addition, site records should also be kept for the types of rock materials excavated and the traceability of delivery will be ensured with the implementation of Trip Ticket System and enforced by site supervisory staff as stipulated under DEVB TC(W) No. 6/2010 for tracking of the correct delivery to the rock crushing facilities for processing into aggregates. Alternative disposal option for the reuse of volcanic rock and Aplite Dyke rock, etc.					
\$7.5.1	WM2	 should be explored. <u>Construction and Demolition Material</u> Maintain temporary stockpiles and reuse excavated fill material for backfilling and reinstatement; Carry out on-site sorting; Make provisions in the Contract documents to allow and promote the use of recycled aggregates where appropriate; Adopt 'selective demolition' technique to demolish the 	Good site practice to minimize the waste generation and recycle the C&D materials as far as practicable so as to reduce the amount	Contractor	All construction sites	Construction stage	 Land (Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance Waste Disposal Ordinance ETWB TCW No.

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EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		 existing structures and facilities with a view to recovering broken concrete effectively for recycling purpose, where possible; Implement a trip-ticket system for each works contract to ensure that the disposal of C&D materials are properly documented and verified; and Implement an enhanced Waste Management Plan similar to ETWBTC (Works) No. 19/2005 – "Environmental Management on Construction Sites" to encourage on-site sorting of C&D materials and to minimize their generation during the course of construction. 	for final disposal				19/2005
\$7.5.1	WM3	 <u>C&D Waste</u> Standard formwork or pre-fabrication should be used as far as practicable in order to minimize the arising of C&D materials. The use of more durable formwork or plastic facing for the construction works should be considered. Use of wooden hoardings should not be used, as in other projects. Metal 	Good site practice to minimize the waste generation and recycle the C&D materials as far as practicable so as to	Contractor	All construction sites	Construction stage	 Land (Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance Waste Disposal Ordinance

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EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		hoarding should be used to enhance the possibility of	reduce the amount				• ETWB TCW No.
		recycling. The purchasing of construction materials will be	for final disposal				19/2005
		carefully planned in order to avoid over ordering and wastage;					
		• The Contractor should recycle as much of the C&D materials					
		as possible on-site. Public fill and C&D waste should be					
		segregated and stored in different containers or skips to					
		enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper					
		disposal. Where practicable, concrete and masonry can be					
		crushed and used as fill. Steel reinforcement bar can be					
		used by scrap steel mills. Different areas of the sites should					
		be considered for such segregation and storage.					
\$7.5.1	WM6	Chemical Waste	Control the	Contractor	All	Construction stage	Waste Disposal
		Chemical waste that is produced, as defined by Schedule 1 of	chemical waste and		construction		(Chemical Waste)
		the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation,	ensure proper		sites		(General)
		should be handled in accordance with the Code of Practice on	storage, handling				Regulation
		the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes;	and disposal				Code of Practice
		Containers used for the storage of chemical wastes should be					on the Packaging,

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		suitable for the substance they are holding, resistant to					Labelling and
		corrosion, maintained in a good condition, and securely					Storage of
		closed, have a capacity of less than 450 L unless the					Chemical Waste
		specification has been approved by EPD, and display a label in					
		English and Chinese in accordance with instructions					
		prescribed in Schedule 2 of the regulation;					
		• The storage area for chemical wastes should be clearly					
		labelled and used solely for the storage of chemical waste,					
		enclosed on at least 3 sides, have an impermeable floor and					
		bunding of sufficient capacity to accommodate 110% of the					
		volume of the largest container or 20% of the total volume of					
		waste stored in that area, whichever is the greatest, have					
		adequate ventilation, covered to prevent rainfall entering, and					
		arranged so that incompatible materials are adequately					
		separated;					
		• Disposal of chemical waste should be via a licensed waste					
		collector, be to a facility licensed to receive chemical waste,					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		such as the Chemical Waste Treatment Centre which also					
		offers a chemical waste collection service and can supply the					
		necessary storage containers, or be to a reuser of the waste,					
		under approval from EPD.					
\$7.5.1	WM7	<u>General Refuse</u>	Minimize	Contractor	All	Construction stage	Waste Disposal
		General refuse generated on-site should be stored in enclosed	production of the		construction		Ordinance
		bins or compaction units separately from construction and	general refuse and		sites		
		chemical wastes;	avoid odour, pest				
		• A reputable waste collector should be employed by the	and litter impacts				
		Contractor to remove general refuse from the site, separately					
		from construction and chemical wastes, on a daily basis to					
		minimize odour, pest and litter impacts. Burning of refuse					
		on construction sites is prohibited by law.					
		Aluminum cans are often recovered from the waste stream by					
		individual collectors if they are segregated and made easily					
		accessible. Separate labelled bins for their deposit should be					
		provided if feasible;					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		 Office wastes can be reduced through the recycling of paper if volumes are large enough to warrant collection. Participation in a local collection scheme should be considered by the Contractor. 					
			Hazard to Life	2			·
S9.18		Blasting activities regarding transport and use of explosives should be supervised and audited by competent site staff to ensure full compliance with the blasting permit conditions.	To ensure that the risks from the proposed explosives handling and transport would be acceptable	Contractor	Works areas at which explosives would be used	Construction stage	Dangerous Goods Ordinance
S9.6, para.4		Detonators shall not be transported in the same vehicle with other Category 1 Dangerous Goods.	To reduce the risk of explosion during the transport of cartridged emulsion	Contractor	-	Construction stage	Dangerous Goods Ordinance
S9.6, para.8		The explosives delivery trucks should be approved by Mines Division and should meet the regulatory requirements for	To comply with the requirements for	Contractor	-	Construction stage	Dangerous Goods Ordinance

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		transport of explosives.	approval of an explosives delivery vehicle				
S9.10, para.7 and S9.18		Blast cover should be provided for shaft at HMT, and kept closed during blasting. Provision of blast doors or heavy duty blast curtains should be implemented at the shaft to prevent flyrock and control the air overpressure.	To ensure safe use of explosives	Contractor	Shaft	Construction stage	-
S9.16		Only the required quantity of explosives for a particular blast should be transported to avoid the return.	To reduce risks during explosives transport	Contractor	Works areas at which explosives would be used	Construction stage	-
S9.18		The approved truck dedicated for transport of explosives should comply with the "Guidance Note on Requirements for Approval of an Explosives Delivery Vehicle" issued by CEDD Mines Division.	To reduce the risk during explosives transport	Contractor	Works areas of which explosives	Construction stage	Dangerous Goods Ordinance

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		The truck should be periodically inspected and properly maintained in good operation conditions. The fuel carried in the fuel tank should be minimized to reduce the duration of fire. Adequate fire fighting equipment shall be provided, inspected and replaced periodically (e.g. fire extinguishers).			would be used		
S9.18		The driver and his assistant should be physically healthy, experienced and have good safe driving records. The driver should hold a proper driving licence for the approved transport truck. Dedicated training programme and regular road safety briefing sessions/ workshops should be provided to enhance their safe driving attitude and practice. Smoking should be strictly prohibited.	To reduce the risk during explosives transport	Contractor	Works areas at which explosives would be used	Construction stage	-
S9.18		Emergency response plans in case of road accident should be prepared and implemented. The driver and his assistant should be familiar with the emergency procedures including evacuation, and proper communication/ fire-fighting equipment should be provided to the driver and his assistant.	To reduce the risk during explosives transport	Contractor	Works areas at which explosives would be used	Construction stage	-

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
S9.18		Close liaison and communication among Mines Division, Contractors for transport of explosives, and working staff of the blasting should be established. In case of any change of work schedule leading to cancellation or variation of explosives required, relevant parties should be informed in time to avoid unused explosives at the work sites.	To reduce the risk during explosives transport	Contractor	Works areas at which explosives would be used	Construction stage	-
S9.18		Close liaison and communication with Fire Services Department should be established to reduce the accidental detonation escalated from a fire. The contractors for transport of explosives should use the preferred transport routes as far as practicable.	To reduce the risk during explosives transport	Contractor	Works areas at which explosives would be used	Construction stage	-
S9.18		Contingency plan should be prepared for transport of explosives under severe weather conditions such as rainstorms and thunderstorms.	To reduce the risk during explosives transport	Contractor	Works areas at which explosives would be used	Construction stage	-

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
S9.18		For explosive transport, all packages of explosives on the truck should be properly stored in the truck compartment as required. Packaging of the explosives should remain intact (i.e. damage free) until they are transferred to the blasting site.	To reduce the risk during explosives transport	Contractor	Works areas at which explosives would be used	Construction stage	-
S9.18		Availability of a parking space should be ensured before commencement of transport of explosives. Location for loading and unloading of explosives should be as close as possible to the shaft. No hot work should be performed in the vicinity during the time of loading and unloading.	To reduce the risk during explosives transport	Contractor	Works areas at which explosives would be used	Construction stage	-
S9.18		It is recommended to explore to minimize the use of the cartridged emulsion explosives and maximize the use of bulk emulsion explosive as far as practicable.	To reduce the risk during explosives transport	Contractor	Works areas at which explosives would be used	Construction stage	-
S9.18	H24	It is recommended to explore to use smaller explosive charges such as 'cast boosters' or 'mini-cast booster' instead of cartridged	To reduce the risk during explosives	Contractor	Works areas at which	Construction stage	-

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of Recomment Measures & Concerns address	ded Main to	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		emulsion as primers for bulk emulsion. This option reduces the	transport			explosives		
		quantity of explosives required for transportation for the sections				would be		
		where bulk emulsion will be used.				used		
			Landscap	e & Vis	sual			
S10.10.1	LV1	Good Site Management	Minimize	visual	Contractor	Within	Construction stage	-
Table			impact			Project site		
10.11		 Large temporary stockpiles of excavated material shall be covered with unobtrusive sheeting to prevent dust and dirt spreading to adjacent landscape areas and vegetation, and to create a neat and tidy visual appearance. Construction plant and building material shall be orderly and carefully stored in order to create a neat and tidy visual appearance. 						
S10.10.1	LV4	Screen Hoarding	Minimize	visual	Contractor	Within	Construction stage	-
Table 10.11		• Decorative screen hoarding should be erected to screen the public from the construction area. It should be designed to be compatible with the existing urban context.	impact			Project site		

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
S10.10.1	LV5	Lighting Control during Construction	Minimize visual	Contractor	Within	Construction stage	-
Table		• All lighting in the construction site shall be carefully controlled	impact		Project site		
10.11		to minimize light pollution and night-time glare to nearby					
		residencies and GIC. The Contractor shall consider other					
		security measures, which shall minimize the visual impacts.					
S10.10.1	LV6	Erosion Control	Minimize landscape	Contractor	Within	Construction stage	-
Table		• The potential for soil erosion shall be reduced by minimizing	impact		Project site		
10.11		the extent of vegetation disturbance on site and by providing					
		a protective cover over newly exposed soil.					
S10.10.1	LV7	Tree Protection & Preservation	Minimize landscape	Contractor	Within	Construction stage	• 'Guidelines for
Table		Carefully protected during construction. Tree protection	and visual impact		Project site		Tree Risk
10.11		measures will be detailed at the Tree Removal Application					Management and
		stage and plans submitted to the relevant Government					Assessment
		Department for approval in due course in accordance with					Arrangement on
		ETWB TC no. 3/2006.					an Area Basis and
							on a Tree Basis',
							Greening,

Monthly Environmental Monitoring & Auditing Report Contract No. HY/2014/09 Central Kowloon Route – Ho Man Tin Access Shaft

Environmental Mitigation Implementation Schedule -

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
							Landscape and Tree Management (GLTM) Section, DEVB • Latest recommended horticultural practices from GLTM Section, DEVB
S10.10.1 Table 10.11	LV8	Tree Transplantation • For trees unavoidably affected by the Project that have to be removed, where practical transplantation will be chosen as the top priority method of removal. If this is not possible or practical compensatory planting will be provided for trees unavoidably felled (See LV10). For trees unavoidably	Minimize landscape and visual impact	Contractor	Within Project site and designated off-site locations	Prior to Construction stage	 ETWB TCW 3/2006 Latest recommended horticultural practices from

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		affected by the Project works that are transplanted, transplantation must be carried out in accordance with ETWB TCW 2/2004 and 3/2006.					Greening, Landscape and Tree Management (GLTM) Section, DEVB • ETWB TCW 2/2004
S10.10.1 Table 10.11	LV9	Compensatory Planting • For trees unavoidably affected by the Project that have to be removed, where practical transportation will be chosen as the top priority method of removal but if this is not possible or practical compensatory planting will be provided for trees unavoidably felled. All felled trees shall be compensated for by planting trees to the satisfaction of relevant Government projects. Required numbers and locations of compensatory trees shall be determined and agreed separately with	Minimize visual impact and also enhance landscape	Contractor	Within Project site	Construction stage	 ETWB TCW 3/2006 Latest recommended horticultural practices from Greening, Landscape and Tree

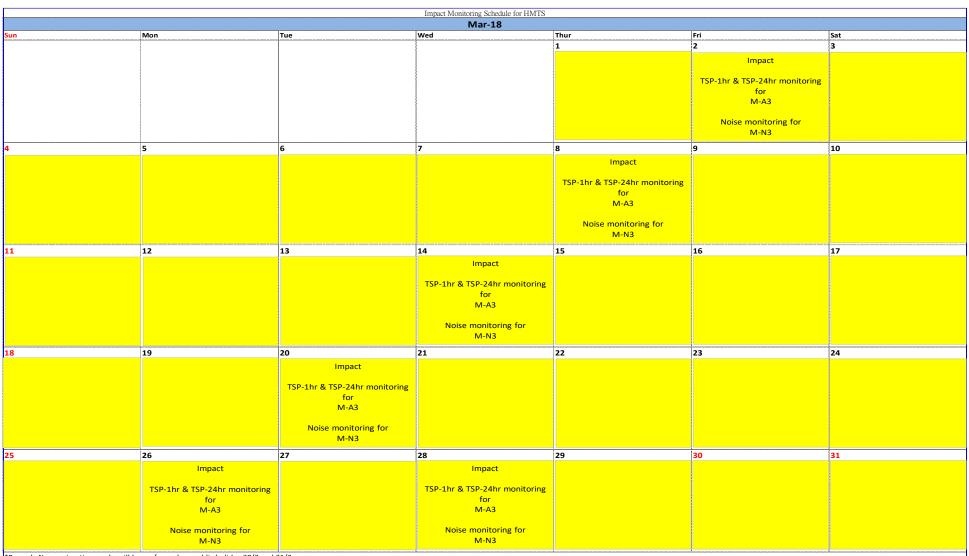
EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
		 Government during the Tree Felling Application process under ETWBTC 3/2006. Compensatory tree planting may be incorporated into public open spaces and along roadside amenity areas affected by the construction works and therefore be part of the bigger wider planting plans. Onsite compensation planting is preferred but if necessary, additional receptor sites outside the Works Area shall be agreed separately with Government 					Management (GLTM) Section, DEVB • ETWB TCW 2/2004
		during the Tree Felling Application process. Cultural	Heritage Impact (Con	struction Phase)			
S11.4.4	CH1	The contractor should be alerted during the construction on the possibility of locating archaeological remains and as a precautionary measure, AMO shall be informed immediately in case of discovery of antiquities or supposed antiquities in the subject sites.	To preserve any cultural heritage items which may be removed and damaged by the excavation	Contractor	During construction works	Construction stage	AMOs requirements
			EM&A Projec	t			

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concerns to address	Implementation Agent	Location / Timing	Implementation Stage	Requirements and/ or standards to be achieved
S13.2	EM1	An Independent Environmental Checker needs to be employed	Control EM&A	Highways	All	Construction stage	EIAO Guidance
		as per the EM&A Manual	Performance	Department	construction		Note No. 4/2010
					sites		• TM-EIAO
S13.2-1	EM2	• An Environmental Team needs to be employed as per the	Perform	Highways	All	Construction stage	• EIAO Guidance
3.4		EM&A Manual;	environmental	Department/	construction		Note No. 4/2010
		• Prepare a systematic Environmental Management Plan to	monitoring &	Contractor	sites		• TM-EIAO
		ensure effective implementation of the mitigation measures;	auditing				
		• An environmental impact monitoring needs to be					
		implemented by the Environmental Team to ensure all the					
		requirements given in the EM&A Manual are fully complied					
		with.					

Appendix G Monitoring Schedule of the Reporting Month

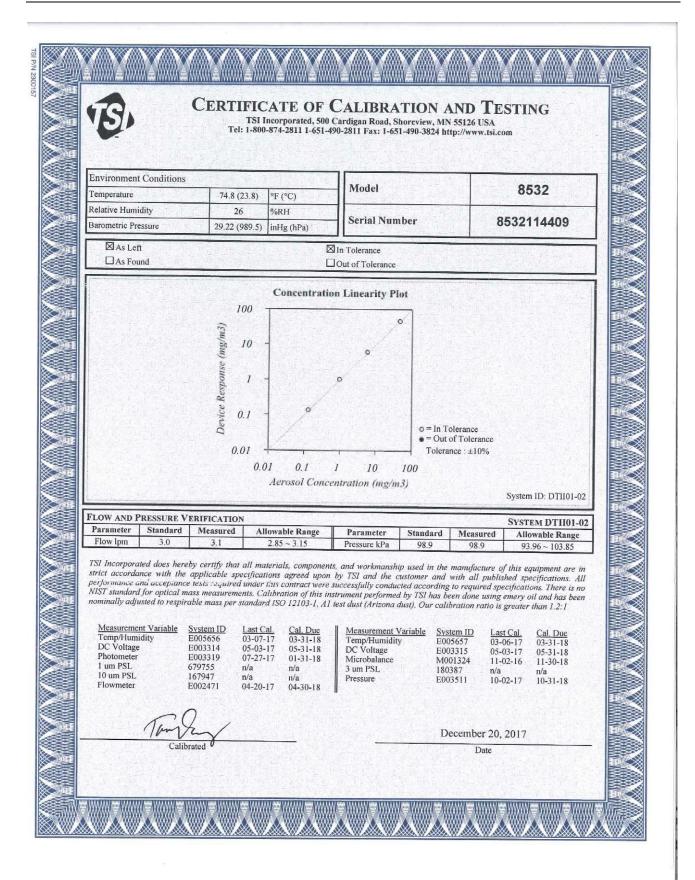
Monthly Environmental Monitoring & Auditing Report

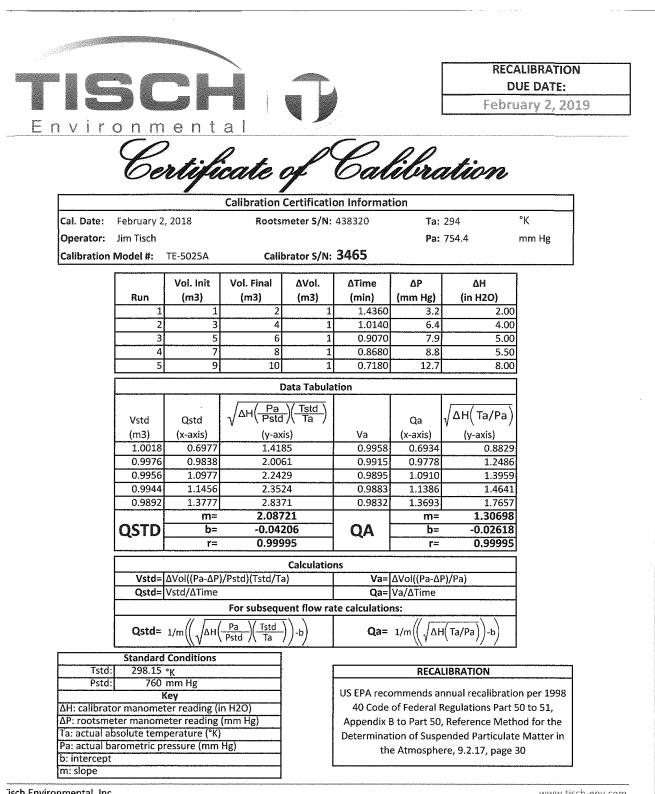
Contract No. HY/2014/09 Central Kowloon Route - Ho Man Tin Access Shaft



*Remark: No construction works will be performed on public holiday 30/3 and 31/3

Appendix H Calibration Certificates (Air Monitoring)





Tisch Environmental, Inc. 145 South Miami Avenue /illage of Cleves, OH 45002 <u>www.tisch-env.com</u> TOLL FREE: (877)263-7610 FAX: (513)467-9009

InnoTech Instrumentation Co. Ltd.

創新科儀有限公司

HIVOL SAMPLER CALIBRATION DATA SHEET (TSP) Site Information Isol Kung Po Secondary School Location: Site ID: M-A3 Date: 24-Feb-2018 Serial No: Model: TE-5170X Operator: Chris 1048 **Ambient Condition** Corrected Pressure (mm Hg): Temperature (deg K): 764.3 293.2 Calibration Orifice Model: TE-5025 Slope: 2.08721 Serial No .: Intercept: -0.04206 3465 Corr. Coeff: Calibration Due Date: 2-Feb-19 0.99995 **Calibration Data** Plate or In,H2O Qa, X-Axis I, CFM IC, Y-Axia (m3/min) Test # (in) (chart) (corrected) 1 1.00 0.505 29.0 29.32 2 2.70 0.816 37.0 37,41 3 4.60 1.059 43.0 43.48 4.90 1.092 4 44.0 44.49 5 5.30 1.135 45.0 45.50 Sampler Calibtation Relationship (Qa on x-axis, IC on y-axis) Corr. Coeff= m= 25.6306 b= 16.4196 0.9999 Sampler set point(SSP) 47 CFM Calculations Qstd = 1/m[Sqrt(H2O(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta))-b] m = sampler slope IC = I[Sqrt(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta)] b = sampler intercept I = chart response Qstd = standard flow rate Tav = average temperature IC = corrected chart response Pav = average pressure I = actual chart response m = calibrator Qstd slope b = calibrator Qstd intercept Ta = actual temperature during calibration (deg K) Pa = actual pressure during calibration (mm Hg) Tstd = 298 deg K Pstd = 760 mm Hg For subsequent calculation of sampler flow: (1.21*m+b)/[Sqrt(298/Tav)(Pav/760)] Checked by: Jan, 24-Feb-18 Date:

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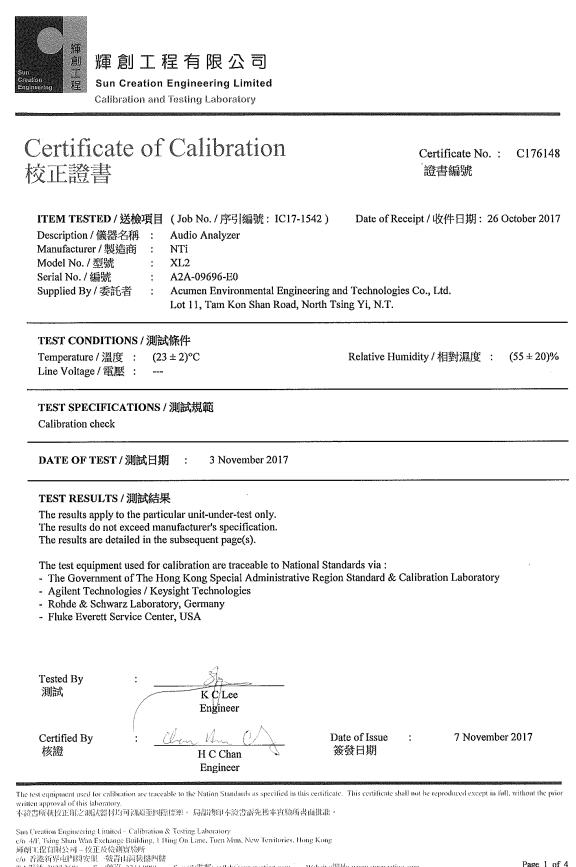
		Site	Information		
T Location:	sol Kung Po Secondary School	Site ID:	N 40	Deter	00.11
			M-A3	Date:	08-Mar-2018
Serial No:	1048	Model:	TE-5170X	Operator:	Chris
		Ambi	ent Condition		
Corrected Press	ure (mm Hg):	764.3	Temperature	(deg K):	293.2
		Calib	oration Orifice)	
Vodel:		-	TE-5025	Slope:	2.08721
Serial No.:			3465	Intercept:	-0.04206
Calibration Due I	Date:	2	P-Feb-19	Corr. Coeff:	0.99995
		Cali	bration Data		
Plate or	In,H2O	Q	a, X-Axis	I, CFM	IC, Y-Axia
Test #	(in)	(r	m3/min)	(chart)	(corrected)
1	1.00		0.322	29.0	28.37
2	2.70		0.811	37.0	38.33
3	4.60	1.048		43.0	43.41
4	4.90 5.30		1.099	44.0	44.41
				45.0	45.17
ampler Calibration	Relationship (Qa on x-axis	IC on Var	(a)		
Canotadol	War on very long the second second	, ic on y-ax	10)		
199	20 6254	1	24 7040		
m=	20.6254	b=	21.7018	-	Corr. Coeff= 0.9999
• 🛏	20.6254	b= 46	21.7018 CFM	-	Corr. Coeff= 0.9999
• 🛏		46		-	Corr. Coeff= 0.9999
Sample		46	CFM	- ppe	Corr. Coeff= 0.9999
Sample	r set point(SSP) O(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Fa))-b]	46	CFM alculations		Corr. Coeff= 0.9999
Sample Ostd = 1/m[Sqrt(H2	r set point(SSP) O(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Fa))-b]	46	CFM alculations m = sampler slo	ercept	Corr. Coeff= 0.9999
Sample Ostd = 1/m[Sqrt(H2	r set point(SSP) O(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Fa))-b] (Tstd/Ta)]	46	CFM alculations m = sampler slo b = sampler into	ercept	Corr. Coeff= 0.9999
Sample 2std = 1/m[Sqrt(H2 C = I[Sqrt(Pa/Pstd)	r set point(SSP) O(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Fa))-b] (Tstd/Fa)] v rate	46	CFM alculations m = sampler slo b = sampler inter I = chart respon	ercept ise mperature	Corr. Coeff= 0.9999
Sample Qstd = 1/m[Sqrt(H2)] C = I[Sqrt(Pa/Pstd)] Qstd = standard flow $C = corrected chart= actual chart responses$	r set point(SSP) O(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta))-b] (Tstd/Ta)] v rate response onse	46	CFM alculations m = sampler slo b = sampler into I = chart respon Tav = average te	ercept ise mperature	Corr. Coeff= 0.9999
Sample Qstd = 1/m[Sqrt(H2)] C = I[Sqrt(Pa/Pstd)] Qstd = standard flow $C = corrected chart= actual chart respondent n = calibrator Qstd$	r set point(SSP) O(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Fa))-b] (Tstd/Fa)] v rate response onse slope	46	CFM alculations m = sampler slo b = sampler into I = chart respon Tav = average te	ercept ise mperature	Corr. Coeff= 0.9999
Sample Qstd = 1/m[Sqrt(H2)] C = I[Sqrt(Pa/Pstd)] Qstd = standard flow $C = corrected chart= actual chart respondent n = calibrator Qstd= calibrator Qstd$	r set point(SSP) O(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Fa))-b] (Tstd/Ta)] v rate response onse slope intercept	46 C	CFM alculations m = sampler slo b = sampler into I = chart respon Tav = average te	ercept ise mperature	Corr. Coeff= 0.9999
Sample Qstd = 1/m[Sqrt(H2)] C = I[Sqrt(Pa/Pstd)] Qstd = standard flow $C = corrected chart= actual chart respondent n = calibrator Qstd= calibrator Qstda = actual temperations a = actual temperations$	r set point(SSP) O(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Fa))-b] (Tstd/Fa)] v rate response onse slope intercept ure during calibration (deg F	46 C	CFM alculations m = sampler slo b = sampler into I = chart respon Tav = average te	ercept ise mperature	Corr. Coeff= 0.9999
Sample Qstd = 1/m[Sqrt(H2)] C = I[Sqrt(Pa/Pstd)] Qstd = standard flow $C = corrected chart= actual chart respondent = calibrator Qstd= calibrator Qstda = actual temperations a = actual pressure$	r set point(SSP) O(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Fa))-b] (Tstd/Ta)] v rate response onse slope intercept	46 C	CFM alculations m = sampler slo b = sampler into I = chart respon Tav = average te	ercept ise mperature	Corr. Coeff= 0.9999
Sample Qstd = 1/m[Sqrt(H2)] C = I[Sqrt(Pa/Pstd)] Qstd = standard flow $C = corrected chart= actual chart respondent n = calibrator Qstd= calibrator Qstda = actual temperations a = actual temperations$	r set point(SSP) O(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Fa))-b] (Tstd/Fa)] v rate response onse slope intercept ure during calibration (deg F	46 C	CFM alculations m = sampler slo b = sampler into I = chart respon Tav = average te	ercept ise mperature	Corr. Coeff= 0.9999
Sample Qstd = 1/m[Sqrt(H2)] C = I[Sqrt(Pa/Pstd)] Qstd = standard flow $C = corrected chart= actual chart respondent = calibrator Qstd= calibrator Qstda = actual temperations a = actual pressure$	r set point(SSP) O(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Fa))-b] (Tstd/Fa)] v rate response onse slope intercept ure during calibration (deg F	46 C	CFM alculations m = sampler slo b = sampler into I = chart respon Tav = average te	ercept ise mperature	Corr. Coeff= 0.9999
Sample Qstd = 1/m[Sqrt(H2)C = I[Sqrt(Pa/Pstd)] Qstd = standard flow C = corrected chart = actual chart responnent = calibrator Qstd = calibrator Qstd = actual temperative a = actual pressure Std = 298 deg K total = 760 mm Hg	r set point(SSP) O(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Fa))-b] (Tstd/Fa)] v rate response onse slope intercept ure during calibration (deg F	46 C	CFM alculations m = sampler slo b = sampler into I = chart respon Tav = average te	ercept ise mperature	Corr. Coeff= 0.9999
Sample Qstd = 1/m[Sqrt(H2)C = I[Sqrt(Pa/Pstd)] Qstd = standard flow C = corrected chart = actual chart responnent = calibrator Qstd = calibrator Qstd = actual temperative a = actual pressure Std = 298 deg K total = 760 mm Hg	r set point(SSP) O(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta))-b] (Tstd/Ta)] v rate response onse slope intercept ure during calibration (deg F during calibration (mm Hg) ulation of sampler flow:	46 C	CFM alculations m = sampler slo b = sampler into I = chart respon Tav = average te	ercept ise mperature	Corr. Coeff= 0.9999
Sample Qstd = 1/m[Sqrt(H2)C = I[Sqrt(Pa/Pstd)] Qstd = standard flow C = corrected chart = actual chart responnent = calibrator Qstd = calibrator Qstd = actual temperative (a = actual pressure (std = 298 deg K (std = 760 mm Hg (or subsequent calco	r set point(SSP) O(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta))-b] (Tstd/Ta)] v rate response onse slope intercept ure during calibration (deg F during calibration (mm Hg) ulation of sampler flow:	46 C	CFM alculations m = sampler slo b = sampler into I = chart respon Tav = average te	ercept ise mperature	Corr. Coeff= 0.9999

InnoTech Instrumentation Co. Ltd.

創新科儀有限公司

HIVOL SAMPLER CALIBRATION DATA SHEET (TSP) Site Information Tsoi Kung Po Secondary Location: M-A3 School Site ID: Date: 20-Mar-2018 Serial No: 1048 Model: TE-5170X Operator: Chris **Ambient Condition** Corrected Pressure (mm Hg): 764.3 |Temperature (deg K): 293.2 **Calibration Orifice** Model: TE-5025 Slope: 2.08721 Serial No .: 3465 Intercept: -0.04206 Calibration Due Date: Corr. Coeff: 2-Feb-19 0.99995 **Calibration Data** Plate or In,H2O Qa, X-Axis I, CFM IC, Y-Axia Test # (in) (m3/min) (chart) (corrected) 1.00 0.541 29.0 1 29.41 2 2.70 0.822 37.0 37.37 3 4.60 1.052 43.0 43.39 4 4.90 1.095 44.0 44.59 5 5.30 1.132 45.0 45.63 Sampler Calibration Relationship (Qa on x-axis, IC on y-axis) m= 27.2940 b= 14.7388 Corr. Coeff= 0.9999 Sampler set point(SSP) 47 CFM Calculations Qstd = 1/m[Sqrt(H2O(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta))-b]m = sampler slope IC = I[Sqrt(Pa/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta)]b = sampler intercept I = chart response Ostd = standard flow rate Tav = average temperature IC = corrected chart response Pav = average pressure I = actual chart response m = calibrator Qstd slope b = calibrator Qstd intercept Ta = actual temperature during calibration (deg K) Pa = actual pressure during calibration (mm Hg) Tstd = 298 deg K Pstd = 760 mm Hg For subsequent calculation of sampler flow: (1.21*m+b)/[Sqrt(298/Tav)(Pav/760)] Checked by: _____ Churs Date: 20-Mar-18

Appendix I Calibration Certificates (Noise)



E-mail/電郵: callab@suncreation.com - Website/润圳:: www.suncreation.com Fax/傳真: 2744 8986 Tel/電話: 2927 2606



Certificate of Calibration 校正證書

Certificate No. : C176148 證書編號

Page 2 of 4

- 1. The unit-under-test (UUT) was allowed to stabilize in the laboratory for over 12 hours, and switched on to warm up for over 10 minutes before the commencement of the test.
- Self-calibration using the laboratory acoustic calibrator was performed before the test from 6.1.1.2 to 6.3.2. 2.
- The results presented are the mean of 3 measurements at each calibration point. 3
- 4 Test equipment :

Equipment ID CL280 CL281

Certificate No. **Description** C170048 40 MHz Arbitrary Waveform Generator PA160023 Multifunction Acoustic Calibrator

- 5. Test procedure : MA101N.
- Results : 6
- 6.1 Sound Pressure Level
- 6.1.1 Reference Sound Pressure Level
- 6.1.1.1 Before Self-calibration

	UUT Setting		Applied	l Value	UUT
Range	Frequency	Time	Level	Freq.	Reading
(dB)	Weighting	Weighting	(dB)	(kHz)	(dB)
30 - 130	A	FAST	94.00	1	93.9

6.1.1.2 After Self-calibration

	UUT Setting		Applied	i Value	UUT	IEC 61672
Range	Frequency	Time	Level	Freq.	Reading	Class 1
(dB)	Weighting	Weighting	(dB)	(kHz)	(dB)	(dB)
30 - 130	A	FAST	94.00	1	94.0	± 1.1

6.1.2 Linearity

	UUT Setting		Applie	d Value	UUT
Range	Frequency	Time	Level	Freq.	Reading
(dB)	Weighting	Weighting	(dB)	(kHz)	(dB)
30 - 130	A	FAST	94.00	1	94.0 (Ref.)
			104.00		104.0
			114.00		114.0

IEC 61672 Class 1 Spec. : \pm 0.6 dB per 10 dB step and \pm 1.1 dB for overall different.

2/6 香港新界屯門與安里一號青山灣機樓四樓 Tel/電話: 2927 2606 Fax/傳真: 2744 8986 E-mail/范郵: callab@suncreation.com Website/網址: www.suncreation.com

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Sun Creation Engineering Limited - Calibration & Testing Laboratory

Sour Country Engineering Chinese + Canadian & Festing Edublishory eto 4.47. Fing Shar Wan Exchange Building. I Hing On Lane. Tuen Mun, New Territories, Hong Kong 純和工程有限公司 - 校正及檢測實證所



輝創工程有限公司

Sun Creation Engineering Limited

Calibration and Testing Laboratory

Certificate of Calibration 校正證書

Certificate No. : C176148 證書編號

6.2

Time Weigh	ting					
	UUT Setting	g	Applied	i Value	UUT	IEC 61672
Range	Frequency	Time	Level	Freq.	Reading	Class 1 Spec.
(dB)	Weighting	Weighting	(dB)	(kHz)	(dB)	(dB)
30 - 130	A	FAST	94.00	1	94.0	Ref.
		SLOW			94.0	± 0.3

6.3 Frequency Weighting

A-Weighting 6.3.1

	UUT Setting		Appli	ed Value	UUT	IEC 61672
Range (dB)	Frequency Weighting	Time Weighting	Level (dB)	Freq.	Reading (dB)	Class 1 Spec. (dB)
30 - 130	A	FAST	94.00	63 Hz	67.7	-26.2 ± 1.5
				125 Hz	77.8	-16.1 ± 1.5
				250 Hz	85.3	-8.6 ± 1.4
				500 Hz	90.7	-3.2 ± 1.4
				1 kHz	94.0	Ref.
				2 kHz	95.2	$+1.2 \pm 1.6$
				4 kHz	95.0	$+1.0 \pm 1.6$
				8 kHz	92.9	-1.1 (+2.1; -3.1)
				12.5 kHz	89.7	-4.3 (+3.0; -6.0)

6.3.2 C-Weighting

o noighting	UUT Setting	1	Appli	ed Value	UUT	IEC 61672
Range (dB)	Frequency Weighting	Time Weighting	Level (dB)	Freq.	Reading (dB)	Class 1 Spec. (dB)
30 - 130	C	FAST	94.00	63 Hz	93.1	-0.8 ± 1.5
				125 Hz	93.8	-0.2 ± 1.5
				250 Hz	94.0	0.0 ± 1.4
				500 Hz	94.0	0.0 ± 1.4
			-	1 kHz	94.0	Ref.
				2 kHz	93.8	-0.2 ± 1.6
	1			4 kHz	93.2	-0.8 ± 1.6
				8 kHz	91.0	-3.0 (+2.1; -3.1)
				12.5 kHz	87.7	-6.2 (+3.0; -6.0)

The test equipment used for calibration are traceable to the Nation Standards as specified in this certificate. This certificate shall not be reproduced except in full, without the prior written approval of this laboratory

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。 E-mail/電郵: eallab値suncreation.com ——Website/網址: www.suncreation.com Tel/電話: 2927 2606 Fax/傳真: 2744 8986



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Remarks : - Mfr's Spec. : IEC 61672 Class 2

- Uncertainties of Applied Value : 94 dB	: 63 Hz - 125 Hz	: ± 0.35 dB
	250 Hz - 500 Hz	: ± 0.30 dB
	1 kHz	: ± 0.20 dB
	2 kHz - 4 kHz	: ± 0.35 dB
	8 kHz	: ± 0.45 dB
	12.5 kHz	: ± 0.70 dB
104 dB	: 1 kHz	: ± 0,10 dB (Ref. 94 dB)
114 dB	: 1 kHz	: ± 0.10 dB (Ref. 94 dB)

- UUT Microphone Model No. : MA220 (ACO7052) & S/N : 62324

- The uncertainties are for a confidence probability of not less than 95 %.

Note :

Only the original copy or the laboratory's certified true copy is valid.

The values given in this Certificate only relate to the values measured at the time of the test and any uncertainties quoted will not include allowance for the equipment long term drift, variations with environment changes, vibration and shock during transportation, overloading, mis-handling, or the capability of any other laboratory to repeat the measurement. Sun Creation Engineering Limited shall not be liable for any loss or damage resulting from the use of the equipment.

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۰,

×,

Certifica 交正證書		Calibration	1		Certificate No 證書編號	o. : C17526
ITEM TESTED Description / 儀 Manufacturer / 嬰 Model No. / 型號 Serial No. / 編號 Supplied By / 委	器名稱 : 製造商 : 虎 :	(Job No. / 序引編號: IG Acoustic Calibrator Pulsar 105 63705 Acumen Environmental E Lot 11, Tam Kon Shan R	Engineering and	1 Technologies	t / 收件日期:14 Co., Ltd.	September 201
TEST CONDIT Temperature / 溫 Line Voltage / 翟	直度: (2:	∜條件 3 ± 2)℃		Relative Hum	idity / 相對濕度	: (55 ± 20)%
Calibration chec						
DATE OF TES TEST RESULT The results apply The results do n	rs / 測試結身 y to the parti ot exceed ma		017			
DATE OF TES TEST RESULT The results apply The results do n The results are d The test equipm - The Governme	TS / 測試結身 y to the parti of exceed ma letailed in the ent used for of ent of The H tologies / Ke warz Laborat	使 cular unit-under-test only. inufacturer's specification. e subsequent page(s). calibration are traceable to ong Kong Special Adminis ysight Technologies ory, Germany	National Stand	lards via : Standard & Ca	libration Laborat	ory
DATE OF TES TEST RESULT The results apply The results do n The results are d The test equipm - The Governm - Agilent Techn - Rohde & Schv	TS / 測試結身 y to the parti of exceed ma letailed in the ent used for of ent of The H tologies / Ke warz Laborat	使 cular unit-under-test only. inufacturer's specification. e subsequent page(s). calibration are traceable to ong Kong Special Adminis ysight Technologies ory, Germany	National Stand	lards via : Standard & Ca	libration Laborat	ory



Certificate of Calibration 校正證書

Certificate No. : C175265 證書編號

- 1. The unit-under-test (UUT) was allowed to stabilize in the laboratory for over 12 hours before the commencement of the test.
- 2. The results presented are the mean of 3 measurements at each calibration point.
- 3. Test equipment :

Equipment ID TST150A CL130 CL281

Description Measuring Amplifier Universal Counter Multifunction Acoustic Calibrator

Certificate No. C161175 C173864 PA160023

- 4. Test procedure : MA100N.
- Results : 5.
- Sound Level Accuracy 5.1

UUT	Measured Value	IEC60942:2003	Uncertainty of Measured Value
Nominal Value	(dB)	Class 1 Spec.	(dB)
94 dB, 1 kHz	93.7	± 0.4 dB	± 0.2

5.2 Frequency Accuracy

UUT Nominal	Measured Value	Mfr's	Uncertainty of Measured Value
Value (kHz)	(kHz)	Spec.	(Hz)
1	1.000	1 kHz ± 1 %	± 1

Remark : - The uncertainties are for a confidence probability of not less than 95 %.

Note :

Only the original copy or the laboratory's certified true copy is valid.

The values given in this Certificate only relate to the values measured at the time of the test and any uncertainties quoted will not include allowance for the equipment long term drift, variations with environment changes, vibration and shock during transportation, overloading, mis-handling, or the capability of any other laboratory to repeat the measurement. Sun Creation Engineering Limited shall not be liable for any loss or damage resulting from the use of the equipment.

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Appendix J The Certification of Laboratory with HOKLAS Accredited Analytical Tests



Environmental Testing 環境測試

This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized international Standard ISO / IEC 17025 : 2005. 本實動所乃根據公認的國際標準 ISO / IEC 17025 : 2005 獲得認可。 This accreditation demonstrates technical compatence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory 選項證可資格深示在指定範疇所需的技術能力及實驗所質量的理解系的運作 quality management system (see joint IAF-ILAC-ISO Communique). (見國際認可論壇、國際實驗所認可含作總能及國際標準化組織的融合公記)。

The common seal of the Hong Kong Accreditation Service is affixed hereto by the authority of the HKAS Executive 香港認可處執行機關的權限在此蓋上通用印章

CHAN Sing Sing, Terence, Executive Administrator 執行幹事 陳成城 Issue Date: 5 May 2009 簽發日期:二零零九年五月五日

Registration Number: HDKLAS 066 註冊號碼:

Date of First Registration: 15 September 1995 首次註冊日期:一九九五年九月十五日

This certificate is issued subject to the terms and conditions laid down by HKAS 本證書按照香港銀可處訂立的條款及條件發出 L 000552



Hong Kong Accreditation Service 香港認可處

Certificate of Accreditation 認可證書

This is to certify that 特此證明

ACUMEN LABORATORY AND TESTING LIMITED

浩科檢測中心有限公司

Lot 12, Tam Kon Shan Road, North Tsing Yi, New Territories, Hong Kong 香港新界青衣北担杆山路12路段

has been accepted by the HKAS Executive, on the recommendation of the Accreditation Advisory Board, as a 在認可諮詢委員會的建議下獲香港認可處執行機關接受為

> HOKLAS Accredited Laboratory 「香港實驗所認可計劃」認可實驗所

This laboratory meets the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025:2005 and it has been accredited for performing specific tests or calibrations as listed in the scope of accreditation within the test category of

Environmental Testing

此實驗所符合ISO/IEC 17025:2005所訂的要求 並獲認可進行載於認可範圍內下述測試類別中的指定測試或校正工作

環境測試

This accreditation to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality management system (see joint IAF-ILAC-ISO Communiqué). 此項 ISO/IEC 17025:2005 的認可資格證明此實驗所具備指定範疇內所須的技術能力並 實施一套實驗所質量管理體系(見國際認可論壇、國際實驗所認可合作組織及國際標準化組織的聯合公報)。

The common seal of the Hong Kong Accreditation Service is affixed hereto by the authority of the HKAS Executive 現經香港認可處執行機關授權在此蓋上香港認可處的印章

WONG Wang-wan, Executive Administrator 執行幹事 黃宏華 Issue Date: 16 July 2014 簽發日期:二零一四年七月十六日

Registration Number : HOKLAS 241 註冊號碼 :

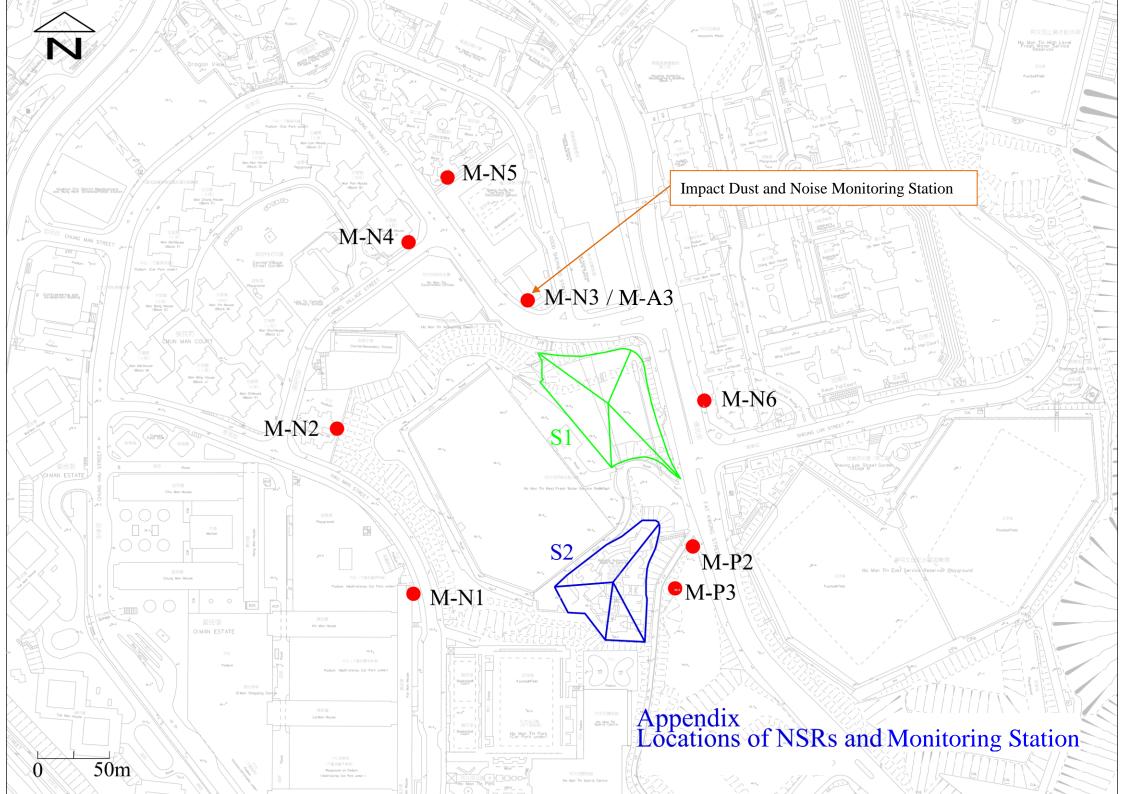
This certificate is issued subject to the terms and conditions laid down by HKAS 本證書按照香港認可處訂立的條款及條件發出



Date of First Registration : 16 July 2014 首次註冊日期:二零一四年七月十六日

L001195

Appendix K Location Plan of Noise and Air Quality Monitoring Station



Appendix L Monitoring Data (Air Monitoring)

Location:	SKH Tsoi Kung Po Secondary School
Monitoring date:	2,8,14,20,26 and 28 March 2018
Parameter :	TSP 1-hour
Major Site Activities	Diaphragm wall construction, decant of structure
Major dust source	nearby traffic
Other Factors	NA

	1-hour TSP (µg/m ³)						
Date	Weather	Start Time	1 st Hour (μg/m ³)	2 nd Hour (μg/m ³)	3 rd Hour (μg/m ³)		
2/3/2018	Fine	13:52	82	116	93		
8/3/2018	Cloudy	14:03	77	71	76		
14/3/2018	Cloudy	14:10	86	79	73		
20/3/2018	Fine	14:24	103	108	95		
26/3/2018	Fine	13:41	71	65	72		
28/3/2018	Fine	13:56	96	90	84		

Contract No. HY/2014/09 Environmental Monitoring & Auditing

Location:	SKH Tsoi Kung Po Secondary School
Monitoring date:	2,8,14,20,26 and 28 March 2018
Parameter :	TSP 24-hour
Major Site Activities	Diaphragm wall construction, decant of structure
Major dust source	nearby traffic
Other Factors	NA

										Date of	Calibration:	24-Feb-18		Slop =	
										Calibrat	ion due date:	11-Mar-18		Intercept =	16.41963
										Date of	Calibration:	8-Mar-18		Slop =	20.6254
										Calibrat	ion due date:	23-Mar-18		Intercept =	21.7018
										Date of	Calibration:	20-Mar-18		Slop =	27.294
										Calibrat	ion due date:	4-Apr-18		Intercept =	14.7388
Start Date	Weather Condition]	Elapse Tin	ıe	CI			Avg Air Temp			Standard Air Volume	Filter Weigh	t (g)	Particulate weight	Conc.
		Initial	Final	Actual (min)	Min	Max	Avg	(°C)	(mm Hg)	(m ³ /min)	(m ³)	Initial	Final	(g)	(µg/m ³)
2/3/2018	Fine	110.3	134.3	1440.0	44	45	44.5	21.3	1012.5	1.69	2429	2.6835	2.8019	0.1184	49
8/3/2018	Cloudy	134.8	158.8	1440.0	46	47	46.5	14.5	1019.4	2.03	2918	2.6752	2.7416	0.0664	23
14/3/2018	Cloudy	159.3	183.3	1440.0	45	46	45.5	20.2	1014.8	1.92	2761	2.6833	2.7471	0.0638	23
20/3/2018	Fine	183.5	207.5	1440.0	47	47	47	21.4	1013.0	1.77	2548	2.6871	2.7854	0.0983	39
26/3/2018	Fine	207.7	231.7	1440.0	46	46	46	22.6	1018.3	1.73	2487	2.6664	2.8417	0.1753	70
28/3/2018	Fine	231.9	255.9	1440.0	43	44	43.5	22.7	1014.7	1.60	2298	2.6558	2.7493	0.0935	41

Appendix M Monitoring Data (Noise)

Location:	SKH Tsoi Kung Po Secondary School
Monitoring date:	2,8,14,20,26 and 28 March 2018
Parameter :	L_{eq}, L_{10}, L_{90}
Major Site Activities	Diaphragm wall construction, decant of structure
Major noise source	nearby traffic
Other Factors	NA

Noise Monitoring data:

Date	Weather	Start Time	-	End Time	L_{Aeq}	L ₁₀	L ₉₀
2/3/2018	Fine	13:53	-	14:23	68.5	71.4	63.7
8/3/2018	Cloudy	14:05	-	14:35	67.9	71.3	63.4
14/3/2018	Cloudy	14:10	-	14:40	69.1	72.0	64.3
20/3/2018	Fine	14:25	-	14:55	66.9	70.7	62.8
26/3/2018	Fine	13:42	-	14:12	66.2	70.5	62.9
28/3/2018	Fine	13:56	-	14:26	68.0	71.9	63.6

Appendix N Waste Flow Table

Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table

Name of Department: <u>Highways Department</u> Monthly Summary Wester Flow Table for March 20

Contract No. / Works Order No.: <u>HY/2014/09</u>

Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table forMarch 2018[to be submitted not later than the 15th day of each month following reporting month](All quantities shall be rounded off to 3 decimal places.)

	Actual Quantities of <u>Inert</u> Construction Waste Generated Monthly							
Month	(a)=(b)+(c)+(d)+(e) Total Quantity Generated	(b) Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete	(c) Reused in the Contract	(d) Reused in other Projects	(e) Disposed of as Public Fill	Imported Fill		
	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	$(in '000m^3)$	(in '000m ³)	(in '000m ³)	$(in '000m^3)$		
Jan	0.309	0.127	0.000	0.000	0.182	0.000		
Feb	1.343	1.156	0.000	0.000	0.187	0.000		
Mar	0.871	0.061	0.000	0.000	0.810	0.000		
Apr								
May								
Jun								
Sub-total	2.523	1.344	0.000	0.000	1.179	0.000		
Jul								
Aug								
Sep								
Oct								
Nov								
Dec								
Total	2.523	1.344	0.000	0.000	1.179	0.000		

Monthly Environmental Monitoring & Auditing Report Contract No. HY/2014/09 Central Kowloon Route – Ho Man Tin Access Shaft

Actual Quantities of <u>Non-inert</u> Construction Waste Generated Monthly										
Month	Month		Paper/ cardboard packaging		Plastics		Chemical Waste		Others, e.g. General Refuse disposed at Landfill	
	(in '0	00kg)	(in '0	00kg)	(in '00	00kg)	(in '0	000kg)	(in '000m ³)	
	generated	recycled	generated	recycled	generated	recycled	generated	recycled	generated	
Jan	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.014	
Feb	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.016	
Mar	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.006	
Apr										
May										
Jun										
Sub-total	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.036	
Jul										
Aug										
Sep										
Oct										
Nov										
Dec										
Total	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.036	

Appendix O Statistics on Complaint, Notifications of Summons and Successful Prosecutions

Statistical Summary of Exceedances

Air Quality								
Location	Action Level	Limit Level	Total					
M-A3	0	0	0					
	Noise							
Location	Action Level	Limit Level	Total					
M-N3	0	0	0					

Statistical Summary of Environmental Complaints

Environmental Complaint Statistics						
Frequency	Cumulative	Complaint Nature				
0	0	N/A				
		*				

Statistical Summary of Environmental Summons

Reporting	Environmental Summons Statistics						
Period	Frequency	Cumulative	Details				
1 Mar - 31 Mar	0	0	N/A				

Statistical Summary of Environmental Prosecution

Reporting	Environmental Prosecution Statistics							
Period	Frequency	Cumulative	Details					
1 Mar - 31 Mar	0	0	N/A					

Appendix P Monitoring Schedule of the Coming Month

Contract No. HY/2014/09 Environmental Monitoring & Auditing

